Officer.

# LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1864.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY.

SIX MONTHS ONE MONTH

#### Notice to Mail Subscribers.

ambacribers are supplied with a notice of the date their subscription will expire ten days in advance of the time; and again with a second notice On the day the last copy paid for is sent. This will enable all persons to keep the run of their accounts, and to renew in time not to miss an issue

#### "All in my eve. Betty Martin."

fold Saylng. The above very appropriate quotation came into our minds on reading some extracts from Lavater, Buffon and Paracelsus upon the expressions of the eye. It is a wonderful organ, certainly, but their account of it is still more wonderful. Its form, color, size, situation and appearance by their theory, determines the whole character of the individual.

The color is the most interesting, and on turning over the leaves of Mr. Buffon, whose name might be spelled with a double "o" sometimes, we find that human eyes are composed of various shades of color. The most common are gray mixed with white, gray tinged with blue, and shades extraordinary colors, to be sure. The bezzling. orange eyes are the most predominant! Did you ever see ten more people with orange cyes than you did with orange of it. heads? The orange and blue, says Buffon, often meet in the same eye. The only way you can fully discover this is by taking your blue-eyed sweetheart by the hand, and gently pressing it. See if there are any yellow or blue sparkles in her eye at the pressure. Possibly the bright reflection in those orbs may make a fool of you in the rash experiment, but that is only natural

We are relieved in one respect by the eading. An old nursery rhyme says : "Black eye pick a ple, Run around and tell a lie."

which we have always firmly believed to be a base slander. Buffon, for our relief, tells us there are no black eyes; those generally supposed to be black are not really so, and may be found, upon an attentive examination, and with a proper disposition of light, to consist of yellow, a deep orange, or brown, which, being violently opposed to the clear white of the ball, assumes a dark-

Having thus, by a single torturing plunge of his pen, put out all the black eyes in the world, it gives us pleasure to add that, with he leaves, the office. The electric telegraph, notable impartiality, he has done the same an enormous boon to all newspaper men, is for their rivals, the blue ones. There are orange eyes, if you please, gray eyes, and writer the summary of the great speech even green eyes, but no blue eyes, I thank in a debate, or the momentous telegram ou. The blue does get mixed with these same colors, sometimes, and very greedily makes the eye assume to be entirely blue, but it isn't so. Mr. Buffon says so, and Mr. Buffon has had an eye to the matter. For all we know, he learned it from one of his own pupils. Some eyes are remarkable to come." for the absence of color. They are neither get crossed, or otherwise out of gear, and blue, black, gray, green nor orange. Such eyes are faintly tinged with blue or orange, but for any respectable pretensions to color, they haven't the least of it. In such eyes the black of the pupil becomes spectrally he received a pathetic remonstrance from conspicuous, like a black bead in a bowl of some evidently recently awakened maiden, milk, and it imparts a ghastly and spiritless expression to the possessors of the op- gown!"

Green eyes are rare, and are supposed to green-eyed monster."

he says, denote deceit and instability. This is rather far, considering that Cosar, Charthe surface. He also shows that Mole Drainlemagne and Cromwell were gray-eyed.

Paracelsus has other extravagances that excel this guess work. He tells us that larly in the West, is now receiving greater short-sighted persons are deceitful and attention in England. He says: crafty, and that those who squint have similar propensities to evil, which is a humbug of the first water.

Small eyes, situated deep in the socket, says the same indisputable authority, indicate active wickedness, with a mind calculated to oppose with vigor and suffer with perseverance. Very large, prominent eyes, what Edgar A. Poe called "fat eyes," denote avariciousness, covetousness, and the

Lavater thought blue eyes denoted effemthe Chinese never have blue eyes, this theory doesn't seem to stand well. Then the blue-eyed Goth was not very effeminate that a labor, coals, hire of engine, &c., is nnder £2 per acre. I believe, out of this, 16e. to balance was due on heraplary. The money 18s. per acre is for the hire of engine, with not having been paid, the dancer made a in his day, though he never saw a Parrott drivers, &c. gun or a Minie rifle. One undeniable fact in Lavater is worth noticing. He says men eyes of all the usual colors. We have seen Chancellor has an apparent leaning in Then the dancer came out and made a dents, ere attributable to the fact that one or two men in anger, whose eyes were her favor. But the latter may only be apof all colors, more particularly black and parent. It is a frequent habit with judges, blue. Raw beefsteak, a knife blade, and the tincture of arnica, will however remove public fact on the other side. It is a some of these colors soon after they are received.

People of phlegmatic habits, but who may be aroused to activity, have clear blue and in the galleries or elsewhere they may eyes, which never belong to those inclined frequently have the gratification of seeto melancholy, and they rarely belong to the choleric, says our last-mentioned author-

the face, lighting it up with tender glows of lawyers. love and hope, or chading it with sorraw and remorse, has been written about by mac says: "The struggle for the upper England, allowed himself lately to be sned philosophers and rhymed of by poets, and hand between the pickets is most amusing, for £42 14s. 6d., the amount due for 32d yet we have heard even this denied. It is if our boys have the 'rebs' under subjeceaid the artist may paint the upper portion, they of course strive to keep them so. Some chance in the game has given them the opportunity of 'first shot.' Hence, "special" sermons, while one very "special" while they can look ever the breastworks discourse was charged £1 is. The Vicar to the eyes, and the features will show an. or perhaps the vigorous shelling from the ger, humor, laughter or sarcasm, just as the mobile line are reinted. We can be up spring the rebels and resume the mey sometimes add piquancy to a merry

To read these attempts of physiognomists to dissect the expression of the features, only makes the science sound absurd.

Their regimes are all with han hees, han hay, han hell, two hoes, Their ravings can all be exemplified in that hand han hen.

nose described by Lavater, of which he enthusiastically exclaims: "Such a nose is of more worth than a kingdom !"

We have received a copy of verses on "Summer," intended to be Scotch, be-

ginning "Twas a' in the simmer." We advise him to proceed as he began, and "simmer down."

The unhappy failure in the negotiations at Niagara will attach to the place itself. The falls will cease to be a pride to such a degree that we will want to dam

Mr. Lincoln's proposition to the rebels is that, if they will give themselves up, he will consider whether to kill and quarter them, or querter and kill them.

Mr. Lincoln refused to give Clay and Sanders a "safe conduct" because his own conduct was so unsafe, and he couldn't borrow one for them.

Stanton hasn't given us a bulletin since the invasion of Maryland. He seems to be too frightened to speak.

The radioals use heaven as a wedge to break up the Union, and the "wedges of sin is death.

Some of General Sigel's friends still defend him. He certainly came off with flying colors.

SOMBBODY IS HURTT.-Captain Hurtt has of green, orange and yellow-a mixture of been found guilty by court martial of em-

> One can always get poultry for greenbacks by making ducks and drakes

The weight steam can raise is wonderful, and engineers raise steam.

Chemists are wits who have a cool retort always ready.

The President's policy is as black as it is painted. A NEWSPAPER TELEGRAPH .-- Dickens

"All the Year Round" contains a graphic account of the manner in which the Daily Telegraph, a London cheap paper of great circulation, is got up, and describes a noval appliance of the electric telegraph as follows I proceeded to a suite of rooms occupied

by the sub-editor and the principal reporters. In the outermost of these rooms is arranged the electric telegraph apparatus, three round disks with finger-stops sticking ont from them like concerting keys, and a needle pointing to alphabetic letters on the surface of the dial. One of these dials corresponds with the House of Commons. another with Mr. Reuter's telegraph office, the third with the private residence of the conductor of my journal, who is thus made acquainted with any important news which may transpire before he arrives at, or after ant jubilee or virtuous indignation; by its aid he can "make up" the paper-that see exactly how much composed matter will have to be left "standing over," for the tinkling of the bell announces a message from the head of the reporting staff in th House, to the effect, "House up-half a col. Sometimes, very rarely, wires strange messages relating to misdelivered firkins of butter, or marital excuses for not of my journel. The sub-editor has a story how, after twice giving the signal to the West-end office which Mr. Reuter then had, "Please do not ring again till I slip on my

MOLE DEALWING .- Mr. Mechi, who seems by the way to have more leisnre than usual be allied to a jealous disposition; hence this season for the use of his pen, has writ-Shakespeare's "Beware of jealousy, the ten an article upon draining, in which he gives it as the decided result of his twenty-Paracelsus did believe there were black two years' experience that, at least on stiff eyes, for he tells us they denote health, soils, lines of drains, at frequent intervals firmness, courage and honor. Gray eyes, and moderate depth, are preferable in all respects to a smaller number further below cess in some parts of this country, particu-

A great deal of draining work is being done by Messrs. Eddington, of Clemsford, by a powerful engine working a mole plow tunnel larger than a tumbler is formed by tightly the earth or walls of the tunnel. Although I had considerable doubt about rid of surplus water by a tenant-farmer white people.-[Californian. inacy and weakness, and that brown eyes who has no compensation for drainageaccompanied strength and manhood; but as from four to seven acres can be done in a the Chinese never have blue eyes, this day. The cost, including horse and manual

The Yelverton trial is nearly luded, and opinions are curiously balintemperate in anger may be found with suced as to the result. Lord Brougham is evidently averse to the lady while the Lord when they have come to a mental conclupractical exercise of impartiality, and it has the advantage of looking so. The trial attracts many persons to the bar of the House, where the public are admitted, ing both Mrs. Yelvertons, listening impatiently to the case which is to make one of The expression which the eye lends to tive in taking notes and instructing her of our own most pretentious eccieties are

MA A letter from the Army of the Potedespite its ofttims sanguinary character ing the lower part of the face, the expression given to the latter will extend upward
while they can look over the breastworks
with impunity, no rebel dare show his
head. Some turn in the wheel of chance, mobile lips are painted. We can not concede this, however, although a pouting lip rebels, compelling them to 'duck,' when the vigilant 'Yank' is up agein, and the 'reb' standing by.

[For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.] AUGUST.

The languid air comes heavily Along the yellow-bearded grain : And, like a hot and burning sea, The ripe plumes float up lazily Along the rippling grain

The burdened air with weary feet Treads on the nodding apple leaves, Or, worn with journeys long and feet, It lingers o'er the ripened sweet Of antumn's bluded sheaves.

The fountail dries; its very source Is withered down to rippled sand, That traces out its former course, The imprees of unstable force.

East and west, and north and south The hot air quivers like the sea, As If the paises of the drouth Panted through its heated mouth, Heavy and slothfully.

Upon the dusty land.

Far gleams the golden grain; And binded sheaves, like captains' tents In old chivalric tournaments. Shine o'er the living plain. Oh I ever welcome earth's increase. And ever welcome Angust mcon:

The gathering of the golden fleece,

Like some rich army's cantonments

The days of toll and nights of peace After the dusty noon. [For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.]

H! DO THE DYING NEVERWEEP! Oh! do the dying never weep? And do they never moun? Or does not sadness o'er them creep When life is nearly gonet

Yea, do their souls not feel the sting Of Death-that final sleep? Or could the poet truly sing The dying never weep?

I asked a doctor who oft had seen Partiage of body and soul; I asked the sexton on the green, Who shapes our earthly goal;

I asked the soldier from the fray. Who charged the ramparts steep; But yet they said, as others say, The dying never weep. I asked a matron full of years.

Who held as great a store Of knowledge and wiedom as the secre That lived in days of yore. 'Twas she who learn'd me day by day In our schoolhouse near the deep; But yet she said, as others say,

The dying never weep. Oh! do the dying never weep? And do they never moun! Or does not sadness o'er them creep

When life is nearly gone? Yea, do their souls not feel the sting Of Death—that final eleep? Or could the poet truly sing The dying never weep!

B. K. BRISCOR, LOUISVILLE, July 17th, 1864.

(For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.)

DRIFTING AWAY.

BY E. RENGAT EVARY. Swiftly, swiftly dritting away, Swiftly, swiftly, onward we float,

Downward, downward into the gulf With a change less evil fate; And forever a voice calling out.

For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.

Dear Democrat: Having a little corner llotted to me occasionally in your valuable Sunday paper, "Davy" has transformed me, "Burcham," the simple rhymer, into a coming home to dinner, arrive at the office genius. If Davy really believes it, and succeeds in impressing his idea upon your many readers, 'tis the same as if I were really a genius.

> two in number, "Burcham" and himself; and, Mr. Editor, it takes just two "Bur-"Burcham," to make a good-sized man, and. according to "Davy'a" application, does it follow that it takes two geniuses to make a

Davy failed to mention the name of "Elloie," the very breathing of which sparklee and dancee about my heart like wool was taken from the sheep the country the phantom spirit of love; and she, by the muse's grace, has donned the poet-crown, ing, which has been adopted with good sue- all sparkling with rich diamonds of wit and a pound, at which, perhaps, one-fourth of fancy. Long may she live to sprinkle the gentle dews of poesy upon admiring hearts. BURCHAM.

Man A number of Chinamen had an "affair of honor' in this city, on Saturday at three fect deep and sixteen and a half evening last—and they had it all to them-feet intervals. No pipes are put in, but a selves. A dispute occurring relative to the mole forcing its way and compressing the room where they happened to be assem- siz yards of good cotton sheeting for the bled, and went at the work of annihilating each other with a vigor and determination its success, especially in our collapsing and worthy of the cause. Huge knives and iron is not to be had. And for the flimsy stuff uncertain clays, I have seen and know of bars were the weapons used. One man in market, we can not get a yard and a half eo many instances of its success that there was killed outright, and several others of the best for a pound of wool. can be no mistake about it. A good deal were badly wounded. John Chinaman ton is going np from present high prices. Low Society," is about to be published in has been done in my neighborhood. It is a seems to know how to settle little business and wool will be songht to fill its place. Of cheap, quick and effective way of getting and personal differences quite as well as

A theatrical manager in Pittsburg Madame Zavistowski, who claimed that a balance was due on her salary. The money ufactured and wear it out. tremendous hubbub behind the scenee dnring a performance. In the hight of her wrath the indignant Madame seised a made an apologetic speech to the andience. speech also, and by that time the specta-

The Royal Dublin Society, of which than 100 years old, and is an agricultural, botanical, etatistical, acological, geological, mineralogical, artistical, and all sorts of a society. It is managed by subscribers, who are liberal without being learned, give very small salaries to the scientific men they employ, and make all the show and them "an honest woman," to the prejudice of take all the honors to themselves. It is, in the other. Mrs. Theresa is generally ac- fact, a mutual admiration acciety, as some

> The Rector (Wolcot) of Ribbesford original MS. sermons supplied since 1860. lle admitted their merit, and had preached

Two countrymen visited the men agerie of the Jardin des Plantes, in Paris and, coming to the elephant, one of them exclaimed, "What is that?" 'Why, that's the elephant, to be sure," said a person standing by. "Oh, that's the elephant," is down. So the struggle goes on from said the countryman; and then, turning the hour to hour and day to day." his companion, ha added, in an under tone, but how stupid these people are—they

What is most appropriate to a do tor's house? Blue-pill-ars in front.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

(From the Daily True Delta.) PERHAPS IT IS YOU. There's a beautiful one with dark brown hair, Whose heart is as free as a spirit of air; So gentle, so kind, so lovely, so true, Who, who could help loving her—reader, cou

Her footstep's as light as the dark-eyed gaselle. That bounds o'er the grass in the beautiful dell While the wealth of his mind is more precious Than the giltter of gold or the trophies of war.

I've stood on "Caual" till the shadows grew din Still praying that she might be thinking of him Who watched for her coming with anxions deligi Till the shades of the eye faded into the night.

As fair as a snow-fisks, as pure as the rills.
That gueb from the sides of the vine covered bills.
Her heart ever joyous and happy and true,
Has a throb for somebody—perhaps it is you.
Onserver. St. Charles Hotel, July, 1864.

-Denmark takes the field with forty thousand men. -According to neval laws, Capt. Wins

ow's priza money will be nearly \$100,000 and each of the erew about \$1,500. -The old castle of Plessy-les-Tours, the just been purchased by a member of the

Paris Stock Exchange. -Squally Begger-"Pray, sir, take pity on a miserable wretch; I have a wife and ix children." Gent-"My poor fellow, accept my heart-

felt sympathy-so have I. -Tha English Royal Academy pictures have been so much injured by being rubbed against by crinoline, that special measures

have been taken for their protection. -Paper has been successfully manufactured from maize leaves, in a manufactory at Vienna.

-Meyerbeer had more decorations order of nobility then any man, not of royal blood, living .- [Exchange. That may be; but, so far as our observa tion goes. Meyerbeer wasn't a circumstance

in popularity, to Lager-beer. [N. H. Ragister. -A French laborer has been keeping 1,000 franc note pasted upon the wall of his room for 15 years. He simply thought it was a pretty pieture, as did hie friends.

-An ingenious man in Hartford has invented a "seamless keg"-turned out of a solid piece of wood. The systemen are looking at it. -The Great Eastern has taken in thre thousand tans of coal, and is getting ready

to lay the Atlantic cable. -Max Strakosch is concertizing with Brignoli, Susini, Mancusi, and Miss Philips, in Canada.

SOMETHING LIKE PIRACT.-A telegram from New York announces that "the steamer Tristam Shandy has been captured. Donbtless that was because she had n terne chasers .- [Punch.

-A company is about forming in Rochester to supply that city with peat for fuel It can be obtained at a much less cost than coal, and will be a great relisf to the poor. -A new dance, called "La Duchesse," the invention of a Pole, has been going a

promoted to the Lieutenent-Generalship in the rebel army made vacant by the death of Gen. Polk. -The mother of the Vicerey of Egypt

-Major General A. P. Stewart has been

the Theatre Dejazet, Paris.

has brought many rich presents, on visit to Constantinople, to the Sultan and the Court. Conspicuous amongst them is a superb diadem of diamonds, valued at £60,000, and a single-ring diamond, valued at £15,000. Generous old lady. -Sala, ln one of his letters to a London

paper, saye: "The looms of Lyons eeem t have been exhausted in furnishing brightolored searfs for New York dandies. Primrose, and pink, and pea-green, and cream-colored kid gloves, meet tha eye at very turn. Shoddy wears its capphir, or each. He spoke of Hardin county's geniuses, its diamond, or its signet-ring outside its glove; and Shoddy, I have little doubt, regrets that the mode has not yet sanotioned chame," two "Davies," or a "Davy" and a a fringe of pearls to the hat, or a golden stripe down each leg of the pantaloons."

> (From the Country Gentleman and Cultivator.) The Wool Market.

There has not been a season for many years when the call for wool has been so earnest as the present. Before one-half the was fooded with purchasers driving their long-tailed steeds at 2:40 rates in parsuit of the fleece. Sales epened at 80c the crop was disposed of. It soon, however, ran up to 90 and 95c-bought principally by speculators to hold until prices advance,

as they ultimately must. Although wool has advanced considerably from old prices, it has not been in proportion with other things, and of course the advence does not yet give the farmer his rightful due. We recollect the time, and it money matters, they locked themselves in is but a few years since, when we could get price of a pound of wool. Now, the good never more prosparens. How is this sheeting, compared with that of those days,

sourse wool must rive. There are other causes why wool must advance, which we have not time to speak We choose to hold on apon our has got himself into trouble with a dancer, wool, and if it will not run up in proportion with what we have to buy, get it man-July 6, 1864.

WHAT MAT HAPPEN TO THOSE WHO CAN'S Swin .- In a world two-thirds water everyriding-whip and thrashed the manager, who immediately afterwards came out and fatal casualties which result from the np he parties are unabla to sustain themtors ached with laughter. The performance selves for five or ten minutes in the water Many a struggling wretch, when help was within an oar's length of him, and friendly arms were already outstretched to save we hear but little in this country, is more has thrown up his hands wildly, and with than 100 years old, and is an agricultural, look of despair which no man who has beheld another drown can ever forget,

"Sunk into the depths with bubbling moan,"

to rise no more. When the lindson river steamboat Berkshire, wrapped in flames, was run ashore, all who stood upon her after deck, out off from access to the bows by a wall of fire, might have escaped unharmed had they known how to swim. The bank was but forty yards off, and twenty strokes would have carried them to land. But, unfortunately, of the thousands who embark avery day on steamboats and other craft, not a moiety are capable of using their limbs in the water save in such a frantic way as to insure their own almost instantaneous destruction. And yet when the trick of it is once acquired-and the clumsiest human being can acquire it-swimming is as easy as running or walking.

Have you a sister? Then love and rish her with a holy friendship.

some have the vanity to be ridiculous And if you have none, why love somebody else's sister! Nearly every evil has its compensa-

treade on hie own toes. men, and I sed I did, but let me pick the A bargain 18 a ludicrous transaction in which each party thinks he cheated the

If a man has but one foot, he never

[For the Louisville Sunday Demourat.] THE SUICIDE.

BY WILL & HAYS.

A young man left his home in lautsians when the rebellion broke out, came North, and joined the Union army. He returned to his once happy home a short time ago, to find his mother dead, his home destroyed, as d the place deserted. He committed suicide by drowning himsell in the Mississippi.

Oh! sweet Mississippi! thou beautiful river, So proudly and silently winding thy way ! May thou ever float on in thy beauty foreve Ave, long as the night shall be followed by d as And sigh when I think of the joys that are I not

And bury them deep, for they may be my ! ast! Oh, God! how I once loved the home of my childhood,

Oh! take these and tears, bear them on to th

When life seemed a sweet and a beautiful dream and the mocking-birds chanted their tunes in the in the pantry! That blessed wife of mine The trees waved their arms to the war dering

stream. scens of Scott's "Quentin Darward," has The cottage, whose moss covered roof, looking Was sheltered by cotton-wood trees round the

And the fragrant magnélia, blooming so eweetly, Made home to me happy-I sighed for no more. Ah! Joy was my life, and I sought for no other: My eyes were all smiles, and my heart was all

was blessed with the friendship and love of another-A love which can ne'er be forgotten by me.

If home was "sweet home," ah! then mina was a treaspre-A treasure that wealth from my heart could not

For oh! while I lived there, my life was a pleas And now all is gone, I have come home to die!

bi dear Mississippi! flow on, for I'm weeping; My poor heart is breaking and bleeding with left my poor mother at home in their keeping-She is dead! I shall never embrace her again i

My home is destroyed! I am free to deliver My soul to my God, with its sorrows and cares. Ohl sweet Mississippil thou beautiful river, I make thee my grave-let me follow my tears! **Нивыграов**, July 19, 1864. (For the Louisville Sunday Democrat.)

SADNESS HOPING FOR PLEASURE.

sat and I gazed with a longing eye, And the sun refused to shine, For the night had come with a silent sigh, With its shady wreaths to twine

Still I gazed with hope for an unseen pow'r, For a power unknown and loved, n the dark retreat 'til the midnight hour, And my gloom was yet unmoved.

How dark was the night, how my sad he throbbed With a hope for the anknown pow'r, But the night-owl sang and my slience robbed,

And darker still was the hour. But my mind hoped on, and a spirit play'd With the locks of my uncapped head, But the loved unknown from my presunce stay'd.

And the hope of its pow'r soon fled. But the spirits wild on the miduight air Sent a shrick like a dying sound, lith a wild, wild dance and a wilder sta

Went away with a sudden bound. the stience left, in a cloud of gloom I mused 'til the day's bright dawn : Still it gave no light to my heart's pale blo All my pleasure-hopes-were gone. BUILDINGS KY. July 19, 1964.

# FORBIGN GOSSIP.

-Garrick's villa at Hampton has been ... Bierstadt, the artist, is engaged on two pictures for which he is to get \$10,000

British government with their anger if any more convicts are sent to their country. -The prospect of the wine crop in the uth of France is very flattering. Burgundy vineyards are also doing well.

-Desiree Artot has reappeared at the Italian opera in London, after four years absence, in the character of the Figlia deto which she gave the most -The railway receipts in England dur-

ng the year 1863, were \$145,642,790, on 11,551 miles of road, and on a capital of \$1,926,092,190. -American rhododendrons are the pride of the British concervatories. The scarlet variety is much prized, and is now the greatest attraction at the Royal Botanic

Gardens, Regent's Park. -The real value of all the imports into the United Kingdom in 1863 was £248, 80,543, and of all the exports. £195,974. 773. So that the balance of trade, according to the prevailing theory, was £63,006, 169 against Great Britain the last year as much as \$315,030,845 ! Yet she was What is the real balance of trade? -A new book entitled "The Slang Dic

tionary, or the Vnlgar Words, Street Phrases 'Fast' Expressions of High and novel writers of this and the next century It will contain, it is said, several thousan vords and phrases which are not, and onght not to be, contained in our English diction--A convention has been concluded be-

ween Great Britain and Prussia for the utual enrrender of fugitives from justice. are murder and attempt to murder, forgery, could never be question. He was always should be known that they were then fraudulent bankruptey, burglary, robbery with violence to the person robbed, and tive of other men and modest in himself. and this on a moonlight night. arceny or embesslement by clerks and servants.

ndustrial Palace, in Paris, there is one writer who is gone. large room where the rejected pictures are a large class of persone who think themselves artists, are here most strikingly ex-

An Englishman, rather more than half-seas over," was trying, in a downtown ale house, to sing the well-known British air, "Britannia rules the waves," when a passing burnt-cork artiste interrupted him with "Down in the Alabama." Briton wanted to fight, but, when last seen was giving a practical exemplification of the galt of a Deerhound .- [Chicago Post.

An English married lady has con ulted her lawyer on the questien whether having married her husband for his money. and that money being all spent, she is not widow and at liberty to marry again Decision reserved. Some have the folly to be ridiculous

some have the impudence to be ridioulous very few have the courage to be ridiculous Josh Billings says: "I was once axed if I believed in the final ealvation ov

Overrunning the Republican Gar-len-T. Weed.-[N. Y. Leader.

Two Remarkable Letters. Wa copy the following letters from the LaCrosse Democrat, with every reason to believe there is not a few will read them who, if they had the courage, would make public, as has the to-be-pitied "Dodger,"

their own experience: LETTER NO. ONE.

LACROSSE, April 6, 1864. "Brick Pomroy," Editor Daily Democrat: Argus-eyed friend, I am in much trouble. Will you hear my prayer and give vent to advice? My wife—the sweet partner of my terrestial joys and earthly haliucinations-has joined the loyal female league. She is on the benevolent altogether now for two months. She is a good woman, the goodest of all her sex, and, compared to her, all others of her sex are but insects. home at noon, and she is off to see Mrs. Gadley on league business. I eat cold viotual for dinner and shout aloud through the desarted kitchen and things, but she greets me not. I come home to tea, but there is no tea for me! I grub it is off to see about the league. At midnight I come home, and she is still absent. go to bed. I leave the door unlocked. dream of robbers. The children squall for the nourishment I have not. lonesome. Soon I hear a step. A pair of steps. Two pair of steps. Tenor and base steps. I listen. Two pair of steps climb my one pair of steps. They linger at the threshhold-there are Indistinct words—one pair come in—one pair goeth hence—my wife has returned. Noble wohence—my wife has returned. Noble wo-man! Kind neighbor! All for the sol-

I go down the next day to my shop. return at dinner time-my wife is out. eat another lunch. I return to the shop. At tea time I go home. I want to ask my wife something privately, but two hundred women are there to get the measure of my drawers for the league. Then my wife She does so much good. She has helped send two pair of mittens and an embroidered shirt tail to the San. Com. I have not seen her for five weeks-that is, to talk with her.

When will the war be over? I want my wife to be at home alone. If you see my wife tell her I want her. Noble woman—

Yours truly, Dodgen. LETTER NO. TWO (private).

LaChosse, April 6, 1864. My Dear "Brick:" Don't put this In the Democrat, or I'll catch fits! My wife is on the loyal concern just now. She has joined a woman's society, where one makes dannel mittens for soldiers and the rest tell yarns about their neighbors. Egad! But ain't I in luck? But you know I was brought up a pet. My blood is that of My wife is of the Amazon stamp. For size she la not like Mrs. Amazon; but in spirit she is terrible! She is sewing for the league. And what nice times I have. Come up and take snpper with me—any time. No danger of findand attentive! She has plenty to do in the kitchen. All the rest of the house I ing thus far labored successfully, experiencrun. To be sure, things look a little nasty as I please. I go to the saloon-drink beer-play draw poker-romp with the clothes, and, mounting the same worthy's dirty shirts—smoke a pipe in the parlor—hang my hat on the floor—spit tobacco uice on the hearth-go to bed with my boots on-go to dances and go home with the girls-play seven up with my oldest boy; and do just as I please! Come up and see me! My wife is on the loyal league. Deuced glad of it. Hope war will continue. Hope the league will be char-

tared to run forever. It's a good thing. If it comes in your way, give my wife a puff. She likes it. It makes her more deroted to Mr. Loyal, and gives me a better Come up and chance to slosh around. see me. Send all the fellers up. Bring some sap and a pack of oards. These leagues are big things. And bring up a pint of paregorie for the babies-to keep

them quiet. Yours forever, N. P. Willis on the Death of Gen.

The last number of the Home Journal ontains the following letter from Mr. Willis to Mr. Hollister on the death of their late partner:

number of the Home Journal to give an to which I am periodically a victim fol- | ed the squad left with the boat, and, thirty-four years of literary friendships including those with Halleok and Theodore Fay, Edgar Poe and Rufus Dawes, Fanny Forrester and Edith May, and so on through an almost unnumbered con- on to the gunwales of the boat. is not to be done so hastily. I must have sent adrift. both time and a set of nerves free from pain. Pardon me if I, therefore, defer it. was not tearlessly witnessed. thy a man-so free from any possibility of human falling-as this same song-

We did not think, exhibited. This was an idea of the Emperer's, and a good one. It is said that the eccentricity, self-conceit and ignorance of a large class of persone who think them.

We did not think, you and J, which so no arriving at the mouth of the hardeness of the fourth," by the brook at lidewild, a few days since, that our senior bor he perceived, as he imagined, one large brother, even then, prepared for his departure. But it was remarked by his doc-birth to three more, which were afterward tor that on that day his vital powere seemed increased in number by five from the oppofatally to give way, and he sank to sleep site bank. This completely blocked up Academy to follow this plan. It would be with the happy peacefulness of a child. harrow entrance to the harbor. The helm structive.

As he lay in his coffin in the church, his was put hard aport to gain distance, and face had resumed all its nebleness. all its seeing a large call heat filled with the happy peacefulness of a child. face had resumed all its nobleness, all its seeing a large sail-boat filled with troop; calmness, and it was in harmony with that (seventy-five musketeers,) at once decide list of pall-bearerse-the apostolic heads of that the only hope lay in outmaneuverin Bryant and Professor Bartlett, General them. The rebels, providentially, did no Dix and General Sandford, Professor Weir during this interval fire a shot, no dou and Governour Kemble, showing of what anticipating the certain capture of all. "bright spirits" that he was recognized bor (the west bar), the only possible hope and beloved. His mantle, my dear boy, was in impressing the opinion that he would and beloved. His mantle, my dear boy, hae now descended upon you. Be content.

> itizen, was being hauled out of the lines bar), and, deeply loaded as she was (twen the other day, when a bayonet thrust reealed the fact that the carcass contained breakers. 0,000 percussian caps, a quantity of am- dared not venture to follow, and the guns munition, and other contraband articles, of the batteries, which were pointed to rake which some rebel sympathizer had taken this the channel, were unprepared to inflict means of smuggling.

> One of the surest evidences of friend-One of the surest evidences of friend-ship that one individual oan display to an-gratulate himself in having performed one other, is telling him gantly of his fault. If any other can excel it, it is listening to such the war. Ills escape from this position of disclosure with gratitude, and amending jeopardy is regarded by the navy officers as

SMOKED SALMON-Chase .- Boston Post. amazement at the boldness of the feat.

Daring Feat of a United States Naval The Beaufort correspondent of the N. Y.

banks.

Herald gives the following interesting narrative in a letter dated June 29: One of the most daring reconnoissances made during the war has just been successfully achieved by Captain Cushing, of the gunboat Monticello. On the night of the 24th instant, the Captain took a first outter with afteen men and two officers (Acting Ensign Jones and Acting Master's Mate lloward), and succeeded in passing the forts of the west bar at Wilmington, and started up the Cape Fear river. After a narrow escape of being run over by one of the rebel steamers plying the river, he passed the second line of batteries and continued his course until Old Brunswick was reached, where the rebels have a heavy battery, when he was hailed and fired upon, but succeeded in passing, unscathed, by feigning to pass down the river and crossing to the friendly cover of the opposite bank. He then continued his course up the river. By this artifice the rebels were deceived, and signal-

down the river, which they supposed was the direction taken. At half-past two the next morning the Captain had reached a point seven miles distant from Wilmington, where he caused the boat to be hauled on the banks, and concealed from view by bushes and marsh grass. Day had now dawned, and it became necessary to select a place of concealment, which was found in the brush on the

ized to the forts to intercept him as he came

Soon after daylight the rebel steamers. blockade runners and transports, could be seen by the party, plying up and down the river, and, in fact, the flag-ship of the rebel Commodore Lynch passed by, pennant flying, the distinguished gentleman entirely inconscious of the fact that a rifle in a steady hand could, and would, but for obvious raagoes down town. I follow her. She dodges in this store — then in that—then in the other. Forty women dodge in and out four hours. When night had fairly set in the other. sons, have given him his quietus. Two They run over me. They tell me to get out the Captain prepared to launch his of the way. They take my wife off. I love when two boats rennded the points and the of the way. They take my wife on. I love her. I look diligently for her, but she is not to be found. I stand on the street. She goes by on the other side. I cross to be a returned fishing party. The entire to be a returned fishing party. The entire of the contract of th when two boats rounded the point, and, he party were eaptured-eight in number. Compelling them to act in the capacity of guides, he proceeded to examine all the forifications, river obstructions, and other objects of interest within three miles of Wilmington. Here he was compelled to pass through a creek running through a cypress swamp, for several hours, through grass eight feet high, and immense oypress trees on each side, whose shadow cast a deep

gloom only exceeded by darkness. By two o'clock that morning a road was reached, which proved to be a branch to the main road to Wilmington, and joining it as a point two miles distant. The party was here divided, ten being left to hold this road, and the captain, taking the remaining eight men, took position at the junction of the roads, one of which was the main. Several prisoners were here captured, but none of mportance. At about eleven o'clock, A.M., the rebel courier, with the mails from Fort Fisher and lower batteries, en route to Wilmington, whose approach was awaited, came duly along, and he, with his entire mail,

was captured. On examination, this proved to be a prize of value, there being upwards of two huning her at home. I have the funniest kind of value, there being upwards of two hundred documents, private and official, and many of great importance. The posts, and many of great importance. The party, haved the necessity for refreshment for the and slovenly, but what of it? I can do inner man, and accordingly Master's Mate Howard garbed himself in the courier's orse, proceded two miles to a store, and purchased a supply of provisions, with which he safely returned. The prices the mate thought exorbitant, but did not feel disposed, in his liberal mood, to haggle or

beat down. Shortly after more prisoners were captured, and all that was now required to add to the eclat of the achievment was to capture the courier and mail from Wilmington, whose advent was looked for at five, P. M. The impatience of the party may be imagined, when it is stated that the mail would contain the day's papers issued at Wilming-ton at one, P. M., and our nomadio friends were anxious to obtain the latest news

The courier arrived slightly in advance of time, but one of the sailors having moved incautiously across the road, was seen by him, and, taking alarm, took to his heels at Captain Cushing, like Claude Duval. No. 2, awaited him on the road, with pistol oocked, put spurs to his horse, and ourier speeded on like a whirlwind, and the Captain being rather further from the base than he thought prudent, took to his

line of retreat, and fell back in rapid but Dear Hollister: I had intended in this good order. The telegraph wire leading to Wilmington account of the funeral of our beloved old was then cut for several hundred yards, and friend but one of those nervous headaohes | the party, with prisoners and spoils, rejoinowed my return from the cemetery at ceeding down the creek, reached the river Cold Spring; and, besides, I looked at the about dark. The prisoners impeding the subject a little more seriously. It is to be speed of the boats, measures were taken to remembered that I joined forces with Mor-ris in 1830, and that we have had a fishing boats of sails and cars, and setting friendship, without dispute or difference, it adrift in the middle of the river, thus com that time to his grave. Here are rendering it impossible for them to give the alarm until the tide floated them on some friendly bank. But while putting this plan into execution a steamer approached rapidly, and detection was only avoided by the party leaping into the water, and holding

stellation), and of which the limning or passing, the prisoners and boat were Nothing of interest occurred on the route down the river, until at a point between the One word before closing. Morris' fune- batteries at Brunswick and Fort Fisher. ral, passingly as it has occurred amid when a boat was discovered making rapidly our turnoil of events, and reconciled as towards the shore. After an exciting chase we were to his final relief from suffering, she was overtaken, and her occupants, con-To most sisting of six persons, four of of us who were present it was a perting soldiers, were taken on board and the boat with one who, for a long life, was, bluntly cut adrift. From them information was but infallibly, good. Of his loyalty in an act of friendship, of his truthfulness in having boats posted at the narrow entrance a matter of business, or of his tender- between the forts to intercept the return. The crimes to which the convention relates heartedness in a matter of charity, there To understand the position of the party it sincere, affectionate, generous, apprecia- three hundred yards distant from two forts. I seldom have seen so intrinsically wor-thy a man—so free from any possibility resolved to take a desperate chance of fighting his way through, supposing that in case there were but one or two boats, he might, you and I, while by giving a broadside, escape in the confu-

> netal they were cast; and it was by these There being another entrance into the harattempt that-the only remaining chance sometimes (as he did), to wear it without of escape. Accordingly, apparently make me! Your ailing brother, drawn together in pursuit, when, rapid changing his direction, the Captain brough A dead mule, belonging to a Memphis his boat to the other entrance (the eas ty-six in the boat), forced her into the The rebels, evidently foiled,

> > damage. Captain Cushing has arrived safely with of the most hazardous and daring feats of little short of miraculous, and the prisoners have not yet recovered their

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SUNDAY, JULY 24, 1864

### CITY NEWS. POLICE PROCEEDINGS .- Saturday morning,

July 23 .- Wm. Grav, Sr., presented for being drunk and disorderly ; continued until Tues-John Roberts and George Borie, drank and

disorderly; fined each \$3. John Pancost, drank and disorderly : dis

charged. John Wiffert, drunk and disorderly; conchance, got shot in the hip himself. Held in

\$200 for six months, and fined \$5.

George Sherwood, drunk and disorderly held in \$100 for three months, and fixed \$5. John Haley and John Linden, drunk and disorderly : flacd \$5 each.

Maria Williams, drunk and very disorderly held in \$100 for three-months. John Craig, assaulting Mary Ryan; held to

answer a misdemeanor ln \$100, and bail ln \$200 for slx months.

Chas. Miller, Richard Cunningham and Ed. Vincore, assaulting S. Livingston with the intention of robbing him; examination in full, and held in \$300 to answer in the Circuit

John Cavinaugh, assaulting John Bryan with a shovel, striking him on the head and hundred. fracturing his skull; continued until Tuesday. Sallie Reiley, drunkenness, &c. : discharged Wm. Crowley, stealing abon: \$550 from Pat. King : heard in full and discharged.

Several warrants were continued until Monday.
Also several ordinances were continued un-

tli next Saturday. The case of Joseph Graham was called up held to answer the charge of murder.

LOUISVILLE WATER POWER -We understand that a proposition is soon to be brought which she possesses overany other city in the in the ruffinly attack upon him.

lions of manufacturing capital to Louisville. done. They should be ready, when the war is over, and money matters in a hotter condition, for

137 There is not much of local interest transpiring in the city just new. The duil season is upon us, and business is anything | night, the following business was transacted: else than brisk. This is caused by the low ers being too much engaged in saving and the present year will be largely in excess of ers which are being sent in their midst daily any previous yesr,

Will S. Hays has another good song out, which has been sung by W. Arlington, of the Arlington minstrels, with great applause. The spirit of the song can be best shown by one verse:

I cot down to New Orleans, ole massa was for gotten; A sojer man he cum along and sot me rollin' colton. At night I axed him for de pay, he told me take my lip in; He tuck me to de calaboose an' dar I cotch a whip-

The song is entitled "Nigger will be Nigger," and is published by Tripp & Cragg.

A fire broke out in the wash-house on Mr. Wm. E. Hughes' premises yesterday, partially consuming the building. There was renewed prosperity of our neighbors, I trust that some delay in notifying our efficient firemen; I express the sentiments of the whole Canadian but almost immediately upon their arrival the people." flames were suppressed. Mr. Hughes is indebted to the promptitude of Dr. Shumard, the Medical Director, and his assistants, as well as to the energy, skill, and courage of our engine and hook and ladder companies. The damage is very slight.

HIGH PRICES.-Prices of all kinds of marketquart of beans at fifteen cente, green apples patrol duty as a detachment. of a very poor quality at fifteen cents per querter peck, batter at sixty cents, and everything else in proportion. The poor have not a very hopeful prospect before them for the

The new wheat will soon begin to come le, and farmers will find it greatly to troops across the river; after which they were their advantage to sell it at the Merchants' Exchange, over W. H. Stokes & Co.'s extensive saddlery establishment, on Main street, a few doors below Fifth, south eide. They should bring their samples there about two o'clock, which will save them the trouble of running all over town to find who will give the best prices.

Rev. Dr. Flich will, by special request, repeat beyond our lines. the sermon preached in two churches of this city on The Intermediate State in this church this (Sunday) morning. Service every Sunday morning at half-past 10 o'clock; Bunday school at a querter before 9. Seats free.

the way from Pittsburgh to Cairo that none Western Kentucky. but boats of the lightest draught are able to ran, and they get through with the greatest difficulty. There is but little freight arriving, owing to the very stringent military orders. As there is nothing of interest transpiring we omit our usual report this morning.

GUERRILLAS IN JEFFERSON COUNTY .- We suderstand that a party of guerrillas Friday vening went into Brunerstown (or Jeffersonwn), in this county, and robbed the etores, ole horses and committed other depreda-We have not learned the full partien-

The tax-payers of the Eastern Distric will please remember that the City Tax Collector will be at 'Squire Barth's office, on Jeferson street, between Clay and Shelby, every ordsy afternoon, from one to seven o'clock.

The Committee of the Board of Trade u charges, commissions, etc., will meet again on Monday, at 7% o'clock, P. M., at the Merchants' Exchange. They invite suggestions from merchants.

PICKET SHOT NEAR FRANKFORT. -- One of the pickets on the Georgetown road, near Frankfort, Kentucky, was shot Friday night by some are now prepared to do all klads of job printnuknown person. It is feared his wound is ing, plain and in colors, at prices to suit the mortal.

GOOD ADVICE.-Let every gentleman and Norica.-Regular services in the Walaut lady leave home every morning, for a few atreet Baptist church have been suspended un. the other was to remove him and his effects, tighter the collar to keep him from pullin' days, without umbrellas. We think this might til further notice, on account of repairs to the in case, the recent Washington stege proved through it! - Evenin' News here-'nuther the Democrat Office, see samples and leave bring rain as a last resort.

THE GRAHAM CASE CLOSED.

Accused Committed to Answer the Charge of Murder.

vious that they were through, they yesthe concinding of the case:

O. P. Reynolds called—I was at the City Hotel last Wednesday morning at the time of the difficulty; the only remark I heard was Thomas say, "Joe, go away, I want nothing to do with you; but let's take a drink, and all will be right;" Thomas then went to the counter and tock his glass in his hand to drink; at this time the accased, who was some six feet from the deceased, drow his pistol and fired.

Licutenant Berry was taken prisoner at Ellisville, Miss., on the 37th of Jane, 1893.

duct very bad; he shot at the officers, and, by During the time that Judge Johnston was re- they were carried to Richmond and placed tion he was placed in. The accused was com-

THE HENDERSON RAID.-The Evansville Times, speaking of the raid into Henderson, says that we have one hundred and fifty soldlers in Herderson; one of the gunboats brought fifty more; and on board the other two gunboats, lylag before the city, there are about two hundred men. Besides which we learn that a cavalry force was at Colhoun, destined for Henderson. The Contederate force is estimated at between six hundred and seven

We are also informed that ex-Sepator Dixon and Mayor Banka were in Evansville yesterday, and had succeeded in getting an order from General Burbridge to suspend the execution of the two men above referred to, until further orders.

In the meantime the wildest excitement ex ists in Henderson, and as the Miaml passed up the river banks were lined with women children and negroes. How horrible and distressing is war i

We learn from the Evaneville Times before the Board of Trude to raise a committee that Mr. Rankin, of Henderson, Kentucky, to inquire into the best means of developing who was dangerously wounded some time sgo the immense water power of the Falls on the by guerrillas, is rapidly recovering. On his Louisville side. Astonishment has often been | behalf a tax for \$18,000 was levied on the peoexpressed by engineers and practical men ple of Henderson, but Mr. Rankin has written that this question has never received here that | a letter protesting against it, and says he will attention which the subject demande—that not take one cent of the money, and that the Louisville should have so long neglected al- men upon whom this tax is levied are his highly estimable officer, was shot down by the most entirely the greatest natural advantage friends and neighbors who had no part or lot guard, while he was standing quietly convers

We are also reliably luformed that the men If there shall be found to be any liberality who shot Rankin are descriters and dismissed for this inhumanity was that one rebel officer on the pert of the property holders on the soldiers from the Confederate army, who were had been shot without cause at Fort Delaware. route to be improved between Lonisville and etealing, &c., on their own book. Colonel The only shelter the priseners have in a long Portland, there can be no doubt that an enter- Scibert, the rebel commander in that part of shed, with open sides, and under this they price may be set on foot which will not only Kentucky, himself killed the man who shot steep, on the bare ground. benefit them vastly, but the city. A great hy- Kankin, we are informed, and his men killed draulic company, with water privileges to four more of them, and are determined to ex- eight hundred hands employed in building

> JEFFERSONVILLE ITEMS.—The little city of Jessersonville is very quiet, with but little doing which attracts attention, except the large arrival of refugees from the South. At a meeting of the City Conneil, Friday

A resolution was passed, granting the new water in the river and the consequent almost ferry company the right of landing at the foot total suspension of navigation, and by the of Pearl street for the ensuing twenty years. threshing their grain to visit the city. Our Morton immediately, to see if some steps merchants, however, are preparing for a could not be taken to rid the city of the hurheavy fall business, especially in a wholesale den of supporting the large number of refuway, and it is expected the? the fall trade of gees and paroled rebel deserters and prison by military authority.

The wages of the police have been increased to \$2 per day.

The Governor General of Canada a few days since, in reply to sa address presented to hlm at Sherbrook, Canada East, said: "My opinion on the parameunt necessity of a due provision by Canadians, for the defense of the Province, are so well known that I need not repeat them, but a proper regard for our own dignity and independence is not inconsistent with the cultivation of the most cordial and triendly relations with other countries, and when I record my own earnest desire for the termination of the present civil war, and for the

The Twenty-fourth Illinois regiment, two hundred and eighteen strong, left the city last night for their homes—the term of their enlistment having expired. Their Colonel fell In the heaviest of the fight at Chattenooga. Their Lieut, Colonel has since received severe woulds. The boys are just from the front, ing continue to advance. A chicken scarcely and a noble set of soldiers they are. A portion as large as a quall sells at forty to fifty cente, a of their regiment re-culleted, and are now on

FROM GEN. ROUSSEAU. - Seventeen prisoners, who were captured by Gen. Rousseau heyoud the Tennessee river, have arrived. They state that Rousscan, at the Coosa river, found two rebel steamboats aground at Tar Island. They were got off, and used to transport the burned. The news from this expedition, which is a very important one, will he looked for with interest.

Major Chenoweth and Cal, Morgan, of Morgan's staff, who were taken prisoners under a flag of truce by Gen. Burbridge in Kentucky some months since, have been released from their imprisonment at camp Morton, by ST. ANDREW'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH, CHESTNUT order of the War Department, and were die STREET, BETWEEN NINTH AND TENTH .- The Patched on Thursday, by General Carrington

SHIPMENTS FORBIDDEN.-Collector Carson, of Cincinnati, on Thursday received instruclone from Washington not to iseue any more permits for the shipment of goods to insurrectionary States or districts until further cr-THE RIVER.—The Ohio river is so low all ders. This lucludes Nashville, Memphis and

> QUERRILLAS IN SHELDY COUNTY .- We learn hat a party of guerrillas went luto Consolation, la Shelby county, Friday night. They carried away about thirteen United States guma that had been hid lua mill and belonged to the Home Guard. We understand the guerrilias numbered about thirty.

W. H. Ebrick arrived from St. Louis ast evening, where he has been on business. He has our thanks for St. Louis papers of yesterday and Chicago papers of Friday afternoor. Mr. Ehrick will, we learn, leave for the front to-morrow.

It is said that parings of cucumbers will cause reaches to disappear, if laid lu places which they frequent. The remedy is simple enough, and merits a trial by those troubled with these peats.

The military authorities have placed guards around their warehouses on Front street, Jeffersonville, with instructions to halt all persons passing that locality after ten o'clock at night

LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT JOB OFFICE.-We times and at the shortest notice.

building.

ficer Escaped from Macon, Ga.

Lient. W. N. Berry, of the Fifth Illinois cavalry, who escaped from the Macon (Ga ) milttary prison, June 27th, arrived within our Abcording to announcement, the examina- lines at Carrollton, the county seat of Carroll on of Joseph Graham was renewed in the county, Ga., north of the Chattaboochie, on police court yesterday morning. Although the the 15th last, after making a dangerous and Commonwealth announced the evening pre- | wearlsome journey of fourteen nights in succossion, for over one hundred miles. He furterday called up two witnesses, one of pishes the Nashville Times with the following whom was not examined. The following is Interesting narrative : "When near Carrollton he was attacked by rhenmatism so severely O. P. Reynolds called-I was at the City Ho- that he had to stop for four days with a plan-

The testimony for the Commonwealth was He was a member of Captain Manu's expedihere closed. The counsel for the detense, at- tion of forty men, sent by Gederal Grant from ter consultation, announced that they had acv. Vicksburg to cut the Mississippi Central and eral witnesses summoned who were in the Mobile and Ohio railroad. The party succeedcourthouse, but they would not futroduce ed in cutting the former road, but were capthem at the present time. The case was then | tured when within twenty miles of the latter, submitted to the court without argument, and were carried to Jackson, Miss. Thence viewing the testimony the utmost quiet pre- in Libby Prison, where they remained until veiled, and all eyes were eagerly turned to- the 1st of May, 1864. Thence they were words the Judge. The prisoner looked down- taken to Dinville, Va., and thence to Macon. cast, and appeared to realize the awful posi- On the last trip he escaped, but was retaken and confined in prison at Macon, on the mitted to jall to answer the charge of murder. 20th of May, where he remained till his final joyful escape. Macon he describes as a dull, uninteresting place. There are 1,340 commissioned officers confined in an open yard, two and a half acres in extent, on the scuth side of the town, west of the Osmulgee river. There are no privates there, that class of prisoners being confined at Americus, a village on the Southwestern railroad, a'x y-six miles south of Macon. The privates are confined in an inclosure like that at Macon twelve acres in extent, with a patrid awams unning through it, where they are compelled to get their water. The rebels claim 25,000 of these prisoners, but Lieutenant Berry thinks they will not exceed 15,000.

"The officers at Macon are treated with great nhumanity. Their rations are measured on: every four days, the allowance for that period being one-half galion of meal, three-quarters of a pound of bacon, one and one half g ll of back-ey:d peas, and one tableapoonful of salt, all of the vilest quality. The bacon le so full of skippers that the prisoners used to suggest to their keepers that it would save trans portation to let it crawl in. Captain Gibbs. the officer in command of the prison, is a course, hrutal creature, utterly devoid of hunanity, who delights in lumbling and cursing

"A few days before Lieut. Berry escaped, a Lieut, of the Forty-fifth New York infantry, a lng with another officer. The officer died in four hours. The reason given by Capt. Glbbs ground.

"For some time past there have been som lease, might be the means of bringing mil- terminate the whole band. We hope it will be Government shope to manufacture small arms. The works are progressing slowly, and are probably suspended. For slx weeks peat large quantities of machinery and military stores have been passing through Macon from Atlauts on to Savannah. The enpposition has been hitherto that these stores were being transported to Augusta, but Licut. Berry's testimony shows clearly that Savannah is the rebel destination.

"During Liout. Berry's flight he passed son, Merriwether, Cowetta and Carroll, He eaw some corn but no cotton fields; the country contained many houses, but no male inhabitants able to bear arms; they have all gone to the army. Conscription has awept the country, and thousands of negroes have been driven to Atlanta to work on the fortifi-

Rebel Items. Licuterant Colonel J. B. Johnson, of the Twenty minth rebel Tenn. lufantry, died on the 15.h inst. at Grima, Georgia. The Memphis-Atlanta Appeal of the 16th

ins!, calls on the Georgians to "make the braks of the Chattahoocale a Golgotha and Acaldama, for Shermen's Myrmldons." The Myrmldons "didn't see it." General Wheeler has gone to Charleston. [From the Atlanta Appeal, July 18th.]

GEN. JOE JOHNSTON'S PAREWELL. HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF TERNESSEE, July 17, 1804.

In obedience to orders of the War Depart ment, I turn over to General Hood the con nand of the Army and Dipartment of Ten-

I cannot leave this noble army without ex preseing my admiration of the high military qualities it has displayed. A long and arduous campaign has made conspicuous every soldier ly virtue, endurance of toil, obedience to orders, brilitant courage. The enemy has never attempted it, but to be repulsed and severely punished. You, soldiers, have never arguabut from your courage, and never connic your foes. No longer your leader, I will still watch your career, and will rejoice in your victories. To one and all, I offer assurances of my friendship, and bid an affectionate fare

[Signed] J. E. Johne Official: D. H. Poole, A. A. G. J. M. Ingham, A. A. G.

(From the Memphis Appeal of July 18.) GENERAL JOB NETON SUPERSEDED-GEN, HOO

PLACED IN COMMAND. From the brief order of General J. E. John stor, addressed to his troops, which we pullish this evening, it will be seen that he h been relieved from the command of the Army of the Tennessee, and that Gen. Hood has been appointed to enceed alm. As to the motives or reasons which have influenced the President to make this change, which falls with startling effect upon the army and country, we are of course ignorant, and it would, as this time, be both impredent and unprofitable

A cotton warehouse with 6,000 bales of cotton, in Thomasvirle, Ga., was struck by light-ning and burned up, on the 15th inst. The cotton belonged chiefly to private partice.

The London Court Journal save: A correspondent goes over an old ground which he fancies new, and alludes to the winding way of the Premier. He, however, tells a little bit of an apecdote, which is worth repeating, in proof of his remarks: The depu-tetion of noblemen and Irleh members which waited on the Prime Minister at Cambridge waited on the Prime Minister at Cambridge. House, to impress upon him the importance of catabilishing a naval dockyard at Cork, were kept waiting a short time; but at last Lord Palmeraton, stepping in in his easy style, with his coat buttened up, accosted the members: "Well, Maguire, how is your eye?" said the Prime Minister. "Have you been to my oenlist?" "No, my lord," replied the Dungarvin; "I have left nature to do her own work." "Nature is a very good worker," replied Lord Palmerston, "but you can't trust her at all times." It seems that when the member for Dungarvan waited upon Lord Palmerston to Dungarvan waited upon Lord Palmerston to ask him to name a day upon which to receive the deputation, Mr. Maguire was labering under some tritation in one of his eyes, and the pain he was suffering did not except the Frime Minister. "Now, my dear fellow, I can't listen to you until your eye is well. This is the name of my oculist. Go and have your eye exemined, and when it is well, come and a me. We can then have the deputation." Th is the way that Lord Palmerston twizes him self round the hearts of all with whom he comes in contact, and contrives to stach to him men of all parties and of different opin

A general order has been issued from the War Department of which the following is an extract :

No musters of officers for a less term the three years will be recognized by this office and if, upon the expiration of the term of service of a regiment, the services of the offi cers are required, they will be retained from the date of their tast muster-in.

The Washington Star save two French war steamers recently anchored off the Navy stop that hose every aguare or two?" Yard in the eastern branch. One of these brought dispatches for the French minister;

Selected and prepared for the Sunday Democrat.

BY "STAR."

The rose that he gave her at parting Is strewn on the floor at her feet, But yester her sad tears were starting, And I thought her sorrow complete.

The love that with joy he had cherished From his heart's purest sitar had fed, And, like the sweet rose that had perish His hopes were all withered and deat! An old maid is a thing that would Have long been married if she could; But as she can't, does all she can

To put the Slams upon-a man. -The bud of true friendship will eventually bloom to the beautiful flower of love. Death placks it from the stem.

-The rebels would make good shoemakers their souls and stick to the last. -"Beauty and the Beast"-Lincoln and But-

-And exchange says: "A lot of guerrillas entered our towa yesterday and carried off a large lot of dry goods. They had no arms with them." How dld they carry them off?

-The guerrillas in this State are blasting the hopes of the young ladies, for they are constantly taking the mails whenever they can lay hands upon them. If any escape, the young ladies will get poor men for husbands. -Josh Billings thus speaks of fame: "Fame iz just about az much use tew a ded man az 5-30's wud be, interest payable in gold."

-Biddy set a reseted pig upon the table, when a young lady present, beholding its bare legs, fainted. "Biddy, you ought to have dressed it before

"Faith, I give it the bully stuffla', mam." -A new way to get out of the draft-go in

the house and stay there till it's over. -It is said Mr. Lincola sent two men to Richmond, who have safely returned to Washington. He has sent more than two who may

-Our country has been in pieces long

nough. Can't we have a peace before long?

-A dispatch says: "Too rebels have sent

large lots of plunder to Staunton." What does Stanton want with blunder? -It is said that large quantities of the rebels

nave the Old Scrutch in their heads. -Gen. Butler makes a good soldler; while he's taking sim at one, he's looking for another. His father trained him to chop hoop-

-It is said Jeff Davis has but one eye. He can see more with his one than Mr. Lincoln can with both. Jeff sees two eyes; Mr. Lincoin don't see but one.

-It is a wonder negro soldiers don't die with colds-there's so much of them on the

-A no account chap stepped into an exemption office where his father-in-law was ex emptioner. "I wish to be exempted, sir."

"You!" thundered he, "Upon what plea, "Lunacy, I'm a d-d fool or you wonly ave never been my daddy-ln-law."

He was sent into the draft in advance of one foot of boot leather. The old gentleman has a grass wldow on hand. -When a young man escorts a young lady

-General Grant sends an occasional shell into Petersburg, and they return the compil-

ment by shelling out. why won't Hays do lt?

-The young lady who was caught taking music lessons has felt bad about it ever since. -Dry goods rise and fall dally-above two feet-on a street-crossing. -A white young lady in Mackerelburg was

ecently wedded to a big aegro. "A rose smalls just as sweet with any other name,"

The Tailor is a man of note, When'er his bills be due; Few are the men, I trow, that find lits due bills billets down. -We notice there is a heavy tax on coffias. They let dead heads go free,

-It is generally a question in armies which

takes the lead first-whenever they see the blood run they run too. -If a young man wishes to go into huslaces and prosper, let him marry a girl with a big mouth. It's a fine opening for provisions, and

will enlarge from (y) sar to (f)ear, -If the Government wants more lufactry, et the recruiting officers walk up Market street shouting bal-ioon! Their mothers wou't miss 'em if they don't take more than five or six out of each family. -The young man who wanted to wed a lady

with \$500 and the consumption, has had his wishes gratified-he is the possessor of the consumption-a fat, fine, healtay wife andnary red. -A rebel soldier told a Federal officer the ther day that "the North stole the South be-

fore the rebels got a chance to fight for it." -"Battle cry of Freedom?" Negro deser -Large broad-brimmed straw hats are he-

oming quite fashionable with the young la dies in this city. There's a son peeping into their pretty faces-despite the broad brimswherever they go.

-How to make a aegro loyal-give him stripes until he sees stars, -What has become of the Goddess of Liberty and the American eagle? The former is

weeping over the grave of Washington, and the latter is screaming over the resting place ot "Old Hickory."

-There will be a large number of (h) armess men when this war is over. -Petersburg is like a young man in the

midet of a group of pretty young ladies-defended by heavy arms. -Lawyers never will get to Heaven. They'l lis in bed and out of it.

-A barrel is like music-full of staves -Johnston is in command of the robel ar my, and Sherman is commanding him, -No matter how or when we treat the ebels, they will retreat,

onec, where they are learned the use of srms and become perfect in drilling-rock. -A blind man was arrested, tried and dis charged, for saying " that he would shoot ev-

-Military school for thieves-the work-

ery negro soldier he could see." None have as yet been shot. -A young lady friend of ours has lost the key to a lock of hair.

-A son of A. Gunn went off the other day,

leaving an empty harrel at home. -Who are the parents of the " reliable genleman" ! -" Dear Mother, I've come home to die"-

way depredations. The gay-rulers have an eye to the several stages in it, making their appearances often -A young Lieutenant, with his dulclus, was driving the skeleton of a horse, attached to a

-Kentucky seems to be the thester of high-

huggy, out Third street, when a newsboy hal-"Bay, mister (he stopped), don't you have to "No. Why, is anything wrong?"

"Nothin', only I thought you had to stop to

good hrase band-hey've been blowing their horns long eneugh.

-Young ladies would make good mail gents—they take such interest in the maler. -No wonder the rebs get on a bust occasloually-; hey very often take a little old port. -When is the moon like the point in Abe's last joki? When we can't see it.

A REAL GHOST STORY.

"You don't believe in ghosts, John, do -, a young you?" asked Cornelius Bstudent of Kilkenny College, one fine aummer's day, as ha and I were loitering in the grave yard of St. Canice's cathedral, so celebrated all over Ireland for its beauty and great antiquity.
"No, Corney," I replied, "neither do
you, I am sure. You have more sense

than to believe in stories that have no after the war's over; they put their awl in existence out of crazy brains and disordered imaginations.' "iloid easy, my boy," he said. "Let me

tell you that I once thought as you do; but I had a little light let into my knowiedge-box, which completely apset fidelity on that dogma, and converted me into a strong believer in the existence of lisembodled spirits." "Theu you really believe in ghosts, Corey," I said, taking hold of him by the

tton, and looking into his face with great carnesiness. "And so may anybody that's not steeled against conviction," he replied, scating himself on a tombstone, and assuming a

"l'erhaps so, Corney," I answered, foi-lowing his example; "but tell me, friend by what strange logic were you converted to this belief? "Come with me this evening, John," he said, "to my aunt's cottage, on the Con-fer road, about one mile beyond the bar-racks; I'm invited there to tea at six o'clock. She'li make my friend weicome, and you shail hear the story from the ilps

of a woman who was never known to ut ter a falsehood." Now, dear reader, though I never be lieved in the existence of ghosts or fairies, yet I was all my life passionately fond of bearing strange tales of these mysterious beings which figure so largely in Irish lore. I therefore joyfully accepted my friend's invitation, and accordingly seven o'clock found us both at the hospitable cottage of Corney's annt, two miles from the

ity, ou the Castlecomer road.
It was a plain mansion, of the cettage order, handsomely situated on the road side, enclused by a low stone wall, and surrounded with a thick grove of young trees. There was nothing very remarkable about the house in point of beauty, yet good order, taste, and even elegance reigned within. Mrs. Patcher, w friend's aunt, was a widow indy of abou. forty; of more than passable beauty for a won..." of her age, very indy-like, of good family, and possessed of a mind highly cultivated. The family consisted of a son, a youth of

of the ghost which forms the heading of "About twenty years ago," began the

lady, "this young man, you see (pointing to the picture of an officer in full military costume, hanging in a large glit frame over the mantlepiece), went to India as a lieuteaant in the Royal Artillery. He was my only brother, two years older than I, o the theater, does he always bring her to and as fine a young feilow as ever wore the British uniform. He regularly cor-responded with me for three years after he arrived in India. Every year I re-ceived two packages of letters, filled with endearments and protestations of brotherly love. He was doing well, and had rison to the rank of captain when I last heard from him. The next arrival from India, however, had no letter for me. This was of course a matter of great auxlety. I wrote to the colonel of his regiment at Bombay; but then, twelve months was the usual time required for vesseis to sail to India and back. I waited with patlence another year, till the East India mail arrived; it was full thirteeu mouths; but alas! the packet brought neither istter nor tidings for me. I was in distraction-and wrote again to the East India Company requesting to be informed

"The answer to this letter would of course take another year. Dreadful thought O, how I prayed for grace to bear me up under such a weight of sor-

"On the first of May, two mouths after the packet sailed from the Thames for Calcutta, I was seated one night at that window, looking out on the tranquii Nore, youder, sparkling in the mooulight, as it wound its sluggish way through the green meadows adorned with May flowers, and rendered vocal by the unceasing song of the shrill corn-crake. It was near eleven o'clock, and I was alone in the room. My husband had been away for nearly a week, and was expected home on the eleven o'clock couch from Dublin. The hervants had retired to their beds, and my baby, then four months old, was sleeping in the cradie beside me, near the window. If was in a melancholy and reflective mood, with my thoughts far away in the summy climes of India. The eleven o'clock coach had just rattied past, with no husband on it for me, and I was thinking of repairing to my bed, when I thought I observed a tall manly figure approach the window on the outside.

"I abnuldered with a strange sensation of the protestion of her life, the would not her outside.

"I should a strange sensation of the protection of her life, the would not he one, the loud of soil there, she he never murmered nor exhibited the hills file done, not mine." Attended the hill of the Hills blow on the will of the Hill of the Hill of the Holl blow her faily to mean and product for the life. She was conversat with its proclosuration and glorious doctrines, and product file in the sile of the will of the Hill of the Hills of the Hill window, looking out on the tranquii Nore,

window on the outside. "I shuddered with a strange sensation of fear, as I arose and walked across the room

to examine the fastenings of my door. But judge of my horror, when I perceived the tall man enter the room by the closed door, with an elegantly mounted coffin on his shoulder, which he quickly laid on the floor, then lifted the lid, and settled himseif down in it. "I sank against the wail almost para-

lysed-without power so much as to utter a shriek; yet I neither fainted nor lost a whit of my consciousness or recoiled "After lying in the coffin about two min-

stes, he rose up and stood before me. "My blood froze in my veius as my eyes met those of his, In death-like stare. was my brother's ghost-paie, ghastiy and

pronxed with the sun of India.
"He shook his head mournfully, and, after uttering a low, sepuichrai groan, took up his coffin, turned, and left the room. "No sooner had the apparition vaulshed, than I fell senseless to the floor. The noise brought my maid from the next room. was conveyed to my bed in a state of insensibility, and did not recover from the shock for several weeks. My husband returned the next night, but neither he nor any of my friends believed my story, and so the matter rested till the following

"In the beginning of the month of March

I received a communication from Col. 8

, at Bombay, briefly stating tha my brother, Captain Spong, of His Majes-ty's Royal Artillery, died suddenly of cholera at Cawapore, on the 30th April, the year before; and that I could learn the particulars by applying to the proper authorities at the war office "I jost no time in doing so, and had the and news confirmed with full particulars; and an inventory of his personal effects. H died on the very morning of the day he appeared to me, making due ailowauce for the longitude between Cawapore and

Our total tunnage list in 1860 was 5,219,181 tams, exclusive of whaling and steam tunnage and including the coasting tunnage, which latter has not been so se riously affected, and, with the loss by sale to other flags, we now have only 1,749,516 tons, from which amount we must deduct the loss of tunnage by capture, burning, and sinking by the privateers, which will foot up at least 75,000 tuns, giving us au aggregate of 1,674,516 tuns.

the city of Kilkenny."

When you want job printing come to Jour orders,

Interesting Narrative of a Federal Of- THINGS WISE AND OTHERWISE. Mr. Lincoln and his crew would make a FLAC-of-TREEZ LETTERS.—The following order is published in the Richmond papers: CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA, WAR DEP'T, BURBAUOF EXCHANGE,

RICHMOND, Va., July 1, 1864.
All letters to go North by flag-of-truce must be sent to this office. 2. Each letter must be inclosed in a separate envelop, and addressed to rue, Bu reau of Exchange, Richmond, Va. 3. No letter must exceed in length one page of ordinary sized letter paper, and its contents be confined strictly to personal or family matters. No letter alluding to the movements or localities of troops will

be permitted to pass.
4. Each letter must contain a United States postage stamp, or its equivalent in silver or United States currency. These regulations will be rigidly enforced, and no letter transmitted la which they are not strictly observed.

ROBT. OULD. Agent of Exchange. Official: W. IL Hatch, Capt. a. d. A. A. G.

A Hartford fisherman was as ed the ther day, during the drouth, if the Counecticut river wasn't very low. "Low said the fisherman, rolling a quid of tobace. in his cheek, "I guess you'd think so if you'd seen what I saw yesterday." "What was it?" asked the questioner. "Why," replied the other, "I saw a couple of suckers 'lightering' a shad over the bar.'

A reliable editor out West states that young man who was recently bathing in the Missourl river, seeing a number of la-dies approach, drowned himself from motives of delicacy. He is supposed to have been related to the virtuous youth in Chicago, who, as Deacon Bross related, preferred drowning to stealing apples.

When Semmes, the pirate, landed at bucs, the bulls tempered him an ovation. Charity may gush from the hardes heart, like silver water . 'rom the rock.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Rogers' House-Furnishing Emp rium, 213 cast side Fourth street, near Main. A fine assortment of wooden and willlow ware; also a fine lot of water coole."s, a Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green streets

Tin Toilet Ware—a spiendid assortment f all styles—at Rogers' House-Furnishing mporium, 213 east side Fourth street, near

Peafowl flybrushes—a splendid lot, Just received at Gay's Chira Palace, Fourth and No change whatever—but the largest assortment of goods in the city needed in keeping house is at Rogers' House-Furnishing Emporium, 213 east side Fourth street, near Main

Glassware—a large lot just received, at Gay's Chiua Palace, Feurth and Green streets.

J. V. GILDER? AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, 413 MAIN STREET, NORTH SIDEfourteen, then at school in the city, a marfourteen, then at school in the city, and a

feed daughter iliving in Dublin, and a

feed daughter iliving in D a solicitor for patronage in the above business, and am a solicitor for patronage in the above business. All business intrusted to me will be attended. July 21, 1864—123 7 J. V. GILBERT.

Tin tollet ware—a splendid lot, just ar-lived, at Gay's Chiua Palace, Fourth and Green

IN MEMORY OF OUR DEPARTED MOTHER. on hreast,

Oh, how we miss our mother. None but those similarly
erceved can estimate the loss of a mon, er, and express
the hearts of erewrel can estimate the leas of a mos. "or, and express no grief and uter loneliness that pervad, the hearts of ne grief and uter loneliness that pervad, the hearts of second order of the second order or the second order of the second order or the second order orde "Within a heart of mathly mold,
As much of Heaven as heart can hold,
Nor through eternity grow cold—
This is a mother's loce."

This is a mother's love.

For ever two years, mother was the subject of a'most constant bodity affliction, and freque; ity suffered the severest and most exerudiating pain. The atmost exertions were used, and the best modical at endance secured, but all in vain. The disease that had preyen non her for years, though temporarily arr, ited at times, was unconquerable.

Mother was fully prepared for the closing seens of life For many months site bad relinquished all hopes of recovery, and yatiently awaited the aumnona. This, year's profession and practice of religion, and an upright walk in the pashe of plety, had prepared her for any emergency of human life. Frequently, in he mids of the most intense pain, addressing her family, she would exclair, "the let me go, let me go." Between the severe and of-recurring paroxysms of her litness, two-log fall well the anxiety of her friends for her recovery.

'O, the transporting, rapt'rous scene That rises to my slith; 5weet fields arrayed it living green, And rivers of delight," And rivers of delight."

Now that our dear mother is gone, let us 'profit by the kamples she set before us. Let us 'imitate her commendable traits of character, such as charity, seatle-ces, kindness, lorbearance, industry and perseverance ind shove all, her commendable traits of Christi en character, such as plety, patience, meckness, seal, hun, illiy, and a perfect resignation to the will of clod.

Dear mother, we have laid thy beloved form to reat in he silent tumb. We often no to thy grave, and adon' its fitth flowers of love and affection, and will ever key best hand green thy memory in our hearts.

"Oh come—whilst here I near

and green thy memory in our hearts.

'0h come—whilst here I press
My brow upon thy erave—and in those mild
And thrilling tone of tenderness,
Blees, blees thy third." Although many long and dreary years may intervene, to will strive to meet the egain, in that elime of fadeless easity, where flowers never wither, and where living esters ever gush from beneath the throne of the Great J. F. J.

ernal. Louisville, Ky., July 178h, 1964. STEAMBOATS.

For Cincinnati and all way Landings. The new and light draught swift runnis Il leave as above on Sunday, the 74th research accommoditively, from city wharf. Benger steamer
LADY WALTON, John Grace, master
ove on Sunday, the 34th lust., at 10 A. M. board, or to CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agenta, 143 and 145 Fourth street

I. C. SHULER & CO.'S

Air-Tight Metalic Burial Caskets & Cases, ecription in a style unsurpassed in the different cometeries of the city.

HEARSE AND CARRIAGES to attend all funerals that the city is a standard of the city is a standard of the city in the city in the city is a standard with promptness in the city in the city is a standard with promptness in the city in the city is a standard with promptness in the city in the city is a standard with promptness in the city in the city is a standard with promptness in the city in the city is a standard with promptness in the city in the city in the city is a standard with promptness in the city in the city in the city is a standard with promptness in the city i

Straved. On THURSDAY EVENING, A LARGE light sorrel Mare, sbeut 7 years old, left Eighteenth street and Broadway. She had on a collar end bridle A liberal re. ward will be paid for her return to A. J. Oldnam, on Gray street, between Preston and Jackson, jyzh daast\* Cow Lost.

a white face and she ay FIVE DOLLARS Jy24 8142

EMM'T'S COLU \$50,00

WOR'TH OF FOREIGN 8: DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS TO BE

WE WILL OFFER

CLOSED OUT.

On Tuesday, July 19th, 1864, OUR ENTIRE STOCK AT

New York Wholesele Prices, FOR CASH O'NLY.

Between Market and Jefferson.

Fourth Street,

DRESS GOODS

10,000 YARDS

Summer Dress To be closed out at less than Eastern prices, a

J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S.

2,000 YARDS.

J. R. EMMIT & CO.

1,000 YARDS

BLACK SILKS.

All qualities, to be closed out, at

J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S.

3,000 YARDS Mourning Dress Goods

To be closed out, at

J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S.

3,000 YARDS Berage Anglace At: 16 2-3 cents, to be closed out, at J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S.

> 4,000 yards Cheeked Ginghams; 7.000 yards Best American Prints; 2,200 yards Printed Lawus;

To be closed out, at J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S.

1,100 yards Printed Lineu Cambrics;

A LARGE STOCK OF

Sheetings; Shirtings; Irish Linens;

Towelings;

White Goods, Cotton Hosiery: &c.; &c.

Table Linens:

J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S.

Te be closed out, at

Fall and Winter Goods, French Merinoes; DeLaines; Alpacas; Cloths: Cassimeres: Balmoral Skirts; Flannels; Bed Blankets;

Jeans and Linseys:

To be closed out, at 3

J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S. Fourth street, bot. Market and Jefferson.

Where are they? The wild, the gay, the happy song Sung by the Innocent and true; The pale sweet flowers that all along Our path in grace and beauly grew; The birds that caroled lightly gay Of love, and hope, and future joy; The hopes we thought would ne'er decay, And dreamed that time would ne'er d celroy-Where are thoy?

The trembling stars that, decked the sky, And gave to as the 'r yellow light; The pale moon from her throne on high, Whose amile was always purely bright; Where are t'ae happy golden dreams That came to us in childish slumbers; The rale moon's quivering silent beams , hat shone on us in countless numbers-Where are they?

The brother dear, with whom we played In sunshine and in erormy weather O'er rocks, and hills, and vales we strayed, Barefooted, all the day together; The sieter's hand that guided us At eventure our home again; Our mother's smile, our father's voice, That welcomed us from wandering then Where are they?

We ask the wind, the passing breeze That fams our moisted aching brow; It whispers, murmuring through the trees, "Those loved once oh, where are they now!"
We ask the hills that stand around; Alas! alas! It is in vaiu One moment shorts wait

WHERE ARE THEY?

HERMITAGE, July, 1864. Artemus Ward's Opinion.

The stoodent and connyseer must have noticed and admired in various parts of the United States of America, large yeller hanbills, which not only oir gems of art in theirselves, but they troothfully sit forth the attractions of my show-a show, let me ebserve, that contains many livin wild animiles, every one of which has got a Beautiful Moral. Them hanbills is sculpt in New York, and I annoully repair here to git some more on 'em; and, bein' here, I tho't I'd issoo a Address to the public on matters and things.

Since last I merandered those streets have bin all over the l'acific Slopes and Utah. I come back now, with my virtoo unimpaired, but I've got to git some new ner plainly enough meaning that her father

Many changes has taken place, even durin' my short absence, & sum on um is Sollum to contemplate. The house in Varveck street, where I used to board, is bein' torn down. That house, which was rendered memoriable by my livin' into it, is "parsin' away! parsin' away!" But some of the timbers will be made into canes, which will be sold to my admirers at the low price of one dollar each. In the New World it is war-in the Old World Empires is totterin' & Dysentarics is crumblin'. These canes is cheap at a dollar.

Sammy booth, Duane street, sculps my hanbills, and he's an artist. He studid in Rome-State of New York. I'm here to read the proof sheets of my

handbill's as fast as they are sculpt. You have to watch these ere printers pretty close, for they'er jest as apt to spel a wurd But I have time to look round some, and

how do I find things? I return to the Atlantic States after a absence of six months, & what State do I find the country in? Why, I don't know what State I find it in Suffice it to say that I do not find it in the State of New Jersey. I find some things that is cheerin, par

tic'ly the resolve on the part of the wimin of America to step wearin' forrin goods. I never meddle with my wife's things, she may wear muslin from Greenland's icy mountains, and bombazeen from Inja's coral strands, if she wants to; but I am glad to state that that superior woman has peeled off ail her forrin clothes and jumpt into labrics of domestic manufacture.

But, says some folks, if you stop importin' things you stop the Revenoo. That's all right. We can stand it if the Revenoo can. On the same principle young men should continer to get drunk on French brandy and to make their livers as dry as a corn cob with Cuby cigars, because 4 cooth if they don't it will hurt the Revenool This talk 'bout the Revenoo is all bosh, boshy. One thing is tol'bly certain-if we don't send gold out of the country we shall have the consolation of knowing that it is in the country. So I say great credit is doo the wimen for this patriotic move-and to teil the trooth, the wimen generally know what they're about. Of all the blessens they're the soothinist. If they'd never bin any wimen, where'd my children be to-day?

But I hope this move will lead to other moves that are just as much needed, one of which is genral and thurrer curtainment of expenses all around. The fact is, we are gettin' ter'bly extravagant & onless we paws in our mad career, in less than two years the goddess of liberty will be seen dodgin' into a l'awn Broker's shop with the other gown done up in a bundle, even if she don't have to Spout the gold stars in her head band. Let us all take hold jintly, and live and dress centalbly, like our forefathers, who know'd moren we do, if they want

quite so honest! (Suttle goaketh.)
There air other cheerin'signs. We don't,
for instune, lack great den'rals, and we
certainly don't lack brave sojers—but
there's one thing I wish we did lack, and
that is our pracent Courses. that is our present Congress: I ventur to say that if you sarch Godle

mity's footstool all over with a ten-hosspower microscope, you wouldn't be able to find such another pack of poppycock g blers as the present Congress of the United States of America.

Gentlemen of the Senit & of the House you've sot there and draw'd your pay and made summer-complaint speeches long long The country at large, incloodin' the undersigned, is disgusted with you. Why don't you show us a statesman—somebody who can make a speech that will hit the poplar hart right under the Great Public Why don't you show us a states man who can rise up to the Emergency, and cave in the Emergency's head? Congress, you won't do. Go home, you misserable devils-go home.

At a special Congressional 'lection in my district the other day, I deliberately voted for Henry Clay. I admit that Henry Is dead, but inasmuch as we don't eeem to have a live statesman in our National Congress, let us by all means have a first-class

Tnem who think that a cane made fro the timbers of the house I once boarded in is essenshal to their happiness, should not delay about sendin' the money right on for

And now, with a genuine hurrar for the wimmin who are goin' to abandon forrin goods, and another for the patriotic everywheres, I'll leave public matters and in-

dulge in a little pleasant family gossip. My reported capture by the North Amer ican savijis of Utah, led my wide circle o friends and creditors to think that I had bid adoo to earthly things and was a angel playin' on a golden harp. Hents my rival

ome was onexpected. It was 11 P.'M. when I reached my homestid and knockt a healthy knock on the door thereof.

A nightcap thrusted itself out of the front chamber window. It was my Betsy's nightesp. And a voice said: Who is it?"

"It's a man!" I answered in a gruff "I don't believe it!" she said. "Then come down and search me," I re

Then resumin' my natural voice, I said "It is your own A. W., Betsy ! Sweet lady, awake! Ever of thou!"

"Oh," said she, "it's you, is it? I thought I smelt something. But the old girl was glad to see me.

In the mornin' I found that my family were entertainin' a artist from Philadelphy, who was there paintin' some startlin'water falls and mountins, and I morin ans- in pected he had a hankerin' for my oldest

"Mr. Skimmerhorn, father," soid my "Glad to see you, sir," I replied in a hospittle vois, " glad to see you. "He is an aptist, father," sed my child.
"A whichist?"

"An artist—a painter."
"And glazier?" I askt. "Are you mainter and glazier, ch?" My dauter and wife was mad, but couldn' belp it, I felt in a comikil mood. "It is a wonder to me, sir," said the artist, "considerin' what a wide-spread rep-htation you have, that some of our fastern managers don't accure you,"
"It's a wonder to me," said my wife,

that somebody don't accure him with a After breekfast I went ever to town to see my old friends. The editor of the Bugle greeted me cordyully, and showed me the follerin' article he'd just written about the paper on the other side of the street.

We have recently put up in our office an entirely new sink, of unique construction, with two hoice, through which the soiled water may pass to the new bucket underneeth. What will the hell hounds of the Advertiser say to this? We shall continue to make improvements as fast as our rapidly increasing business may warrant. Wonder whether a certain editor's wife thinks she can palm off a brass wetch chair on this community for a gold one?" "That," says the editor, "hits him wher

he lives. That will close him up as bad as see who has one? Here Kate, of course it did when I wrote an article ridiccoling wou have-I never saw anybody get so many his sister, who's got a cock-eye.' A few days after my roturn, I was shown and Sue, here, that's Fred's writing isn't young man, who says he'll be Dam if he

goes to the war. He was settin on a barrel, and was indeed a loathsome objek.

Last Sunday I heard Parson Batking preach and the good old man preaches well, too, the his prayer was rather longthy. The editor of the Bugle, who was with me, said that prayer would make fifteen a were

solid nonpareil. I don't think of pothing more to write about the Blacke me if all those endearng young charms," &c., &c. A. WARD. The Sixpenny Calico.

One day a new scholar appeared in school She was gentle and modest looking, and did not for a moment lift her eyes from her books. "Who is she?" "What's her name?" were the questions of the girls.
"Do you see her dress?" seid I. "Why

believe it is nothing but a eixpenny calico. "Poor thing, she must be cold. I can't magine how a person can wear calico this cold day," said another, whose fine plaid was the admiration of the school. "I must sey I like to see a person dressed according to the season," remarked another—"that is, if people can afford it," she added, in a man-

None of us went to take the stranger by the hand, and welcome her to the companion of our studies and our play. We stood aloof, and stared at her with cold and unfeeling curiosity. The teacher called her When she first come to repeat her lesson, she took a seat by the rich plaid The plaid drew proudly away, as if the sixpenny calico might dim the beauty of its colors. A slight color flushed Susan's cheek, but her quiet remained the came. It was some time before she ventured on the playground, and then it was only to stand on one side and look on, for we were slow in

asking her to join us. On one occasion we had a harder arithmetic lesson than usual, completely baffling our small brains. Upon comparing notes, none of us had mastered it. "I'll ask Susan of her success," said one of my class. "It is quite unitkely that she has," I replied "do stay here; besides, what if she has?"
"I will go," she answered. Away she went, and, as it appeared, Susan and she were the only members of the class ready

cessful than the rest of us, and kindly help ed my friend to overcome the difficulties o the lesson. By and by I took to patronising her She is really a very nice body, and ough to join us more in our plays," we said. we used to gather round her desk during school hours, and make her "one of us" in the play-ground. In fact, I began to have

for their lesson. Susan had been more suc

a sort of liking for her. Incre was something in Susan which called out our of liking for her. There was One Saturday afternoon, as I was look ing out of the window, wishing for some hing to do, my mother asked me to join her in a little walk. Dressed in my new cloak, warm furs, and hat, I was soon ready. My mother turned into a narrow

"Where, mother," I asked, "are you go ing in this vulgar part of the town?"
"Not vulgar, my dear," she said; "a very respectable and industrious part of our pop-

ulation live here."
"Not fashionable, certainly," I added, "And not vulgar because not fashionable

by any means," she said.
She stopped before a humble-looking house, and entered the front door. Then, gently opening a side door, she paused a noment on the threshold.

"Come in," said a voice from within. "Pray do not rise," said my mother, going toward an afflicted lady-like woman, who sat in an arm-chair. "You look better than when I saw you before." I was intro-duced, and I fancied the invalid looked at me with a sort of admiring surprise, as she took my hand and hoped that I should prove worthy of such a mother. Then, while mother and she were talking, I sat down and took notes with my eyes of everything in the room. It looked beautifully neat, and the furniture had evidently seen better By and by mother asked for her ter. "She had gone out on some erdaughter. rands," was the answer. "The dear child, is a great blessing to me," and tears filled

her eyes. "A mother might be thankful for such a child." I thought I should be very glad to see the person of whom my mother thought so highly

"She will return soon; she has gone to carry some work which she has contrived to do in her leisure moments. The eelf-sacrifice of the child is wonderful. A little while ago, an early friend who had found me out, and has been as kind to me as you have," (tears came into the speaker's eyes) 'sent her a handsome winter dress. 'Oh, mother,' she said, 'this is too costly for me, when you want some warm flannel so badly See, mother,' she said, 'I shali enjoy this calico a hundred times more than the finest dressee in the world, while you can have your flannel.' Excuse me for telling it, but you know a woman's heart. There is her

step; she is coming." The outer door opened. How I longed to see the comer. "I am sure I shall admire and love her;" I said to myself. The latch was lifted. A young girl entered; and my school-fellow Susan stood before mel I could have sunk to the ground for very shame. llow wicked my pride! Oh! how mean did my fine winter dress appear before the plain

lxpensy calico.

I was almost sure my mother had managed all this; for she had a way of making me see my faulte, and making me desire to cure them, without ever saying much di-rectly herself. This, however, had not come about by her designs; Gop had taught me

by llis providence. As we walked home my mother gave m an account of Mrs. G -, who had been her early friend; she lost her property and her husband, and had fallen into great distress. But that story is no matter here. will only add that my judgment of people was formed ever after according to a truer standard than the dress they wore, and that Susan and I became intimate

A Federal newspaper caye that a man walked forty miles to claim exemption from the draft on the ground of inability to endure long marches of camp life. Why is an armistice for a day like a

Because it is a "time-peace" that stops at the end of twenty-four hours. Why is the hair of the stage Yankee like dancing? Because it is an exhibition of the light fantastic tow.

Tom Thorne's Troubles. "Oh, it's awful hot; I'm more then half

This is what Tom Thorne said, one of these hot days bearly two weeks ago, as he built into the parlor where we were all sit-There were six of us-Tom's father and mother, his sisters Kate and Little Annie, Susie Milier and L. It was intensely hot-there was no mistake in Tom's exclamation; and after dinner, while waiting for the mail, we had all retreated to the parlor as the coolest place to be found, and had reached that most philosophic conclusion, that the best way to keep cool is to stop trying to be cool, and by occupying our minds with something, to forget in part our physical discomfort. So Kate, who is a splendid reader, was regaling us with some chapters from one of Hawthorne's delightbooks, while some of us worked on elings for the soldiers, and Mr. Thorne was smoozing in the great rocking chair. Tom's entrance. was the signal to make us drop all

work and look eagerly for letters but none Appeared. Why, Tam, heven't you been to the stoffice?" said Mr. Thorne, starting up and reaching out his hand for the papers Oh, yes, sir: I hed to wade through the at knee-deep to get there; it was just like hot ashes. I never saw such a place," said Tom, handing out papers and letters. "Any for me ?-for me ?-Here Tom, de

give it to me, that's a dear boy!' exclaimed one after the other, for the arrival of the meil is a greet event up here in the counry, where we are nicely fixed for the snm-"Now do be patient, will you, and let me

letters; and, mother, here's one from Harry, it ian't either-well, it's for you,

at any tie."
So, having emptied his mail-bag, Ton threw himself on the floor, panting and puffing like a lorge dog. As the rest were all busy with the letters and papers, he addressed himself to Annie and me, and went

on somewhat in the same style.

"I declare, hever saw such a witched place—no rain for a formight—you can't stir without getting perfectly several with dust—there's nothing but send in the place, and the thermometer at 90. I wish-"Tom," said his mother, "stop talking so; I'm ashamed of you. Whom are you

ompleining of?' Here Mr. Thorne's voice was heard Grant's repid progress-attack on Peters burg, thirteen cannon and three handred prisoners taken—bravery of negro troops precarious position of Richmond-onr troops much exhausted, but eager to push

forward.

said little Annie, "I should "There," think you'd better think of the soldiers, brother Tom, before you talk about the hot weather.' His mother glenced reprovingly at her

boy, who said, in a softer voice, u I sappose the poor fellows do suffer with heat but really, mother, don't you think this weather is intolerable-did you ever know it so hot before ?" "Why, yes, my son, a great many times;

is certainly very warm, but does it make you feel one bit more comfortable to be all the time talking about it, worrying and fretting in such a way as to make everybody around you nneasy? We have been talk-ing this all over while you have been to the postoffice, and have decided that our comfort or discomfort on such a day depends very much upon ourselves, after all. Now, just after dinner, I thought I could scarcely endure the heat; but we have been sitting quietly here, listening to Kate's reading, and I became so much interested in it that I actually had forgotten the heat and dust, until you rushed in so furiously and brought it back to my mind."

Tom looked up with a sort of twinkle in "Why," said Kete, "it does not require

any anch wonderful degree of mental or ral power to do this. Now, Tom, will you promise one thing ?- for three hours, ar from now until tea-time, will you-?"; "No!" fairly shouted Tom. "I'll make no promises about to-day; wait until tomorrow; I know what you're going to say

well enough."
"Well," said his sister, "to-morrow, then, will you promise to eay nothing about the weather any way, either to compiain or to scold-simply to sey nothing about it, and to find something to do that will make you think about something besides yourself?" Tom's answer was unheard, for at that mement, little Annie's words, "What's the matter with Cousin Sue," made us all look across the room, where sat the poor girl her face perfectly white, her eyes fixed in a sort of stare at the letter she held. When she heard her name and eaw us start toward her, she dorted out of the room, throwing the letter toward Mrs. Thorne as she went. "Oh, dear, what's happened to Fred? seked Tom, in a frightened voice.

His mother glanced at the writing and anded it to her husband, who read as fol-

" \_\_\_\_ Hospital, June 19th My Dear Sister: We had another sharp fight Thursday. My leg is off below the knee. Many a poor fellow is worse off than I am. I am doing well. Don't worry. I have good care; but it is very warm, and I suppose I'd better not use my strength writing any more.

" Yours. Is there need of describing the scene that followed? Alae, how many know too well the grief and sorrow that such letters bring o hundreds of families ! We tried to com fort Susie, the orphan, whose only brother is thus made a crippie. She has a brave heart, and is ready to make eacrifices in our great cause; but she staggered under the thought that the very hot weather might so reduce her brother's strength that ha could not survive the amputation. You should have seen Tom's face when the letter was read, especially when Fred alluded to the heat! Ills face fairly worked with pain, with a kind of remorse, and his first

exclamation was:
"I'm a fool, a wretch, a blockhead Father, may I go to Washington to-morrow and find Fred?" "Why, my son, do you think you can go

alone? lladn't I better go?" Then came questionings about the time the trains left, etc., and Tom used such strong arguments in favor of his going instead of his father that at last it was decid ed that he should start that night. Tom is a great, stout boy of seventeen—fully competent to journey alone to Wasnington, and auch further than that in his own estimaon. He looked relieved when his father said he could go, but dashed out of the ouse when Kate oald, very quietly, "Tom, lo you think you can endure the heat of

At six o'clock he was off, his manly face wearing a look of responsibility, and we all felt that, after all, a kinder or more generus heart could not be sent to that belpless young soldler tortured with pain and heat - hospital. Three days after, came this dispatch from

the journey

"WASHINGTON, June 25. "Fred is doing well. I shall stay with him. I do not suffer with the heat!

the present executioner of Paris is M Henderece, who reades in a handsome house on the Boulevard Benmarchals. The person who lives on the same floor with him is the actor Laferiere, who saluze his neighbor on the stairs, thicking him a private cuizen. M. Hendereich has tiving with him e youth of fifteen, whom he is having educated at one of the colleges. The lad cails M. Hondereich his uncle, and is not aware that the latter is an executioner. The youth is also ignorant that he himself is the son of a condemned prisoner, and that he was taken care of from charity by the man who had been charged to execute

There is a policeman in every man's onscience, even though yeu may not alwaye find him on his beat.

Why is the sea like a man who has taken ipecac? Because it is continually mel. Weather clear. Thermometer ometer 29,70.

TELEGRAPHIC.

dead; this is the hottest place I was ever YESTERDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES. Intelligence from Sherman's Army.

> The Capture of atlanta Confirmed A Heavy Engagement Before 4ts Occupation. Sherman's Cavalry Destroy th

Railroad Around Atlanta, Gen. Rousseau on an Important Raid.

His Force Reported at about 2,700

Objects and Intentions of the Expedition. Richmond Papers Concerning Rousseau's Morements.

Gen. Wilcock Reported Wounded. Artitlery Engagement near the Weldon Depot.

Rebel Guns Silenced and the Depot Destroyed.

New York, July 23 The Herald's Washington dispatch says that General Roussean left Decetur on the 10th on General Roussess left December on the 10th on an important raid, with a force of 2,700 men, well mounted. One thousand of his com-mand are armed with Spencer's repeating ri-fics. The route to be taken is one that has never been fellowed heretofore during the war, though nearly identical with the trace purfued by General Jackson in the war with the Creek Indians. The first point of any importance on the route is Bionnisville; the next is Ashville, a few miles beyond. Ashville is on Cavea river. He is then to move recitive on the Tallasters and the nearest apidly on the Tallatters and the nearest ridge or ford over the Tallapooes river. The oute between these two streams is to be very

apidly pursued, and the bridges are to be ompletely destroyed The passage of the Tallapoose will, in eli probability, be made at Techoopike, and, bringing a force into the Dadewille mountain roads, will carry it to the railroad at convenient points, when the work of destruction will begin. There are eight bridges on the railroad between Mongomery and Opelika, and probably more than that number of tun-

roads, Rousseau is to move up the west side of the Chattahoochie, if opportunity affards, and join Sherman between Marietta and the Chattahoochie river. This route threatens to make straight for Peneacola and take vessels o New Oricans, and thence to Nashville

By Richmond papers of the 30th we learn the first report of Rousseau's work. A telegraph dispatch from Atlanta, 18th, sage: "Feld graphic communication with Monigomery was suspended last night near Notasaulaga. The interruption is supposed to have been caused by a portion of the enemy reported to be at Talladega on Sainrday. No train arrived to-day from West Point."

New York, July 23. The World's Washington special of the 22d says dispatches from the West, received here to-night, asnou ce the positive occupation of Atlanta, which succeeded a heavy engage-Tom looked ap with a sort of twinkle in his eyes. "Well, mother, I know you're equal to almost anything—no doubt of that; but if you can so lift yourself ont of the body as to forget that this ir an awfully hot day, I'll give up—yon're the greatest woman I ever saw."

There is no rebe! force in that vicinity. It is no truth la the reported battle of Nawhary.

There is no rebe! force in that vicinity. It is There is no rebel force in that vicinity. It is ascertained that the main parties of the reb-els have fully retreated south, and our troops

The Herald's Grant's army correspondent says Gen. Wilcox was slightly wounded in the och on Theaday night. Another report cays that Gen. Smith has been relieved of the command of the Eighth corps. The exigencles of the public services

e is ordered to report at New York.
The Eighteenth and Twenty first corps had general artillery engagement yesterday Tairty five pounders opened upon the newly discovered Weldon railroad depot in the city, and shells were dropped so accurately that three lacomotives harried off. Our guna reduced the deput to a mass of ruins. A thirteen lpch mortar repeatedly sent missiles through the rebel works, and its two hundred pound shells indicted heavy damage. After four hours firing the enemy's gums were completely

NASHVILLE, July 22 The success of Sherman's movements in cutting the Eastern and Southern commu-nication with Atlanta, leads to the bellef that the rebels have been folled in an attempt to escape, and that the operations at that place have already been narrowed down to a slege. Large cavalry forces some time since left the army at different points, and have doubtless ore this cut the Macon and Columbia railroad in such a manner that if the enemy succeeds la leaving the city to go eway, it must be at a

loss of much valuable property. ST. Louis, July 23. Much surprise was created here a short time

known.
It is liable to come to light, however, that they were connected with a conspiracy ex-tending throughout the entire Mississippi Valley, having for its object the erection of a Northwestern Confederacy.
Col. Sanderson, Provost Marshal for this

department, has been gathering evidence in this matter for several months, and which is now in possession of the Washington authori-ties. It implicates many public men, and shows the organization to be formidable and dangerous.

One of the arrested parties is said to have

ocen so badly frightened that about half a million of dollars has been offered for his re-The guerrilla movements in this State have some connection with this scheme, particu-larly as Thornton, in a speech at Platte City, said the Knights of the Golden Circle were organized and armed to rice throughout the ree States.

Also that Vallandigham is with them; that he was a Vallandigham man; that he had troops is every county in this state and men coming up from the South, and that 1,500 men had been raised in Illinois, who would join him in destroying the Hannibal end St Jo. liroad on their march.

During Col. Sanderson's investigation

papiracy has been discovered for a renewal of boat burning on the Western rivers, and he was able, in several instances, to avert serious con-sequences. Probably the whole will be ventilated in a few days.

The affair at Plattaburg, Clinton county,
Thursday, was not so bad as previously re-

After Captain Turner's death, Captain Poe took command, and made such a determined show of resistance that the guerrillas left in the direction of Hainesville. Thence they moved yesterday into Phatte county. Their reported strength is 800. General Orterhaus has arrived in three days

NASEVILLE, July 23. Well-anthenticated reports place the occuation of Atlanta by Gen. Sherman beyond No particulars have as yet been re

uncing its possession by our forces. WASHINGTON, July 23. The people of Rockville and Montgomers counties, Md., are generally panic-stricker believing that another rebel raid is in pro-

NEW YORK, July 23. ndicating that a battie between lineter's for and the retreating rebels had again been re NEW YORK, July 23. A letter from Gov. Scymonr gives out as the

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

More Details of Sherman's Battle, Terrible Loss of the Robel Army. Part of Atlanta in our Possession. Reports of Hooker and Howard. Rebel Dead Lest on the Battlesield

Details of Gen. Swith's Expedition Forrest's Loss Numbers about 4,000 Another Invasion of Maryland. luvaders Number Five Thousand Notice from Secretary Fessenden

Operations of Thornton's Guerrillas

Gen. Smith Reported to be Relieved Gold Closed in New York at 254 1-4

Salcker's on the 19th. between Opelika and West Point. There are two bridges over Big Hallowcktee and Osonuppah creek, near Columbus. On the other route there are three bridges over Wetumpks creek and one over Mill Creek.

Returning, after the destruction of these code. Research to the route the results of these code.

onire that he anould take another command

[Special to the Herald.]

eince by the arrest of several very prominent second consists of this city whose offense is un-

from Sherman's army. He says that no part of Johaston's force had gone to Richmond, but one corps has been sent after Gen. Smith

erved here. Provoct Marshel Goodwin received a toleraphic dispatch dated Atlanta, the 23d, an-

Nothing is known here to justify these fears The New York Tribune's Washington Special says heavy camponading was heard this morning, 22d, in the direction of Leesburg,

ruling of the War Department, that one hur-dred day men ere subject to draft, but their services will be credited to them. CINCINNATI, July 23. River rison 1 inch-4 feet 5 inches in chan-

the city, but the enemy holds the rest.

The Republican also has the following conrulug the battle before Ailanta on Wednes "An official disputch from Sherman states

"An official dispatch from Shermen states that after the battle of that day, Howard, commanding the Fourth corps, sent word that he had buried two hundred dead rebels in front of his lines, and a large number of wounded were captured on the field.
"Gen. Hooker, commanding the Twentieth corps, in advancing his lines, Wednesday, met the rebels in open field, and a most desperate battle, lasting several hours, was the result. The enemy were thoroughly whipped and driven from the field.
"After the battle, Gen. Hooker reported to "After the battle, tien. Hooker reported to Sherman as follows: 'I have buried four hun-ired rebala, and four thousand wounded are B front. Gold weak nuder the reports of the occu-ation of Atlanta. The fluctuations of the

Late Intelligence from Missouri

Awfu! Condition of Affairs There The Steamer Yeddo sold to Prussia

WASHINGTON, July 23, The Richmond Examiner of the 21st has the following!
Atlanta, July 20.-Reynolds' brigade attacked the enemy's line of skirmishers las evening e: Peach Tree Creek, and took pos-

of their lutrenchments. He

charged the reserve pickets, supported by Ditworth's corps, and captured 150 prisoners An Illinois regiment lost in killed and wounded alone 100, while that of the Fiftleth Ohio was severe.
The Richmond Examiner says, editorially Peach Tree Creek is a small stream which taking its rise four or s'x miles from Atlanta flows in rather a westerly direction, and emp-ties into the Chattahoochie near the railroad bridgs, nearly due west of Atlants. Our right rests on this stream, and its flunk is protected

by it. This akirmish is an auspicious tegin-ning for Gep. Hood.

The Richmond Enquirer of the 21st says the official dispatch received yesterday evo-ning at the war department says that a large force of Federals crossed the Shenaudoah at

Saleker's on the 19th.

At three o'clock P. M. they were estacked and driven across the river in great confusion. Our loss between two end three hundred, That of the Yarkees much greater.

The Whig is severe upon the Richmond sutherities for superceding Johnston by Hood. It says the division commander was eminently successful, but thinks Hardee was emitted o promotion, both by seniority and greate experience. The secret of this appointments soon told: Our authorities are diseased in mind, and the createst of their craxmess in the fancled possession of an intuitive knowl-

edgs of men.
The success of the cause is subservient to the gratification of personal feelings, or else an army like that at Allanta wouldn't be trusted to an untried general made for the oc-casion. It is known, too, that floed alone of Johnston's Heutenante and been from the first opposed to a retregrade movement from Dal-ton, but the policy having been adopted, it was perhaps proper to find a commander whose views accorded with that policy. CAIRO, July, 28,

nows from Memphis.

A cavalry officer who accompanied Smith's expedition, gives the particulars of that Goneral's operations. Our forces consisted of cavalry, infautry and a brigade of colored troops.

Smith out-maneuvered Forriet all through, and whipped him five times.

The battle at Tupelo on the 13th, was a severe

The steamer Hillman brings one day later

one. The enemy was terribly punished by our cavalry and negro troops, who bore the On the came night the rebels assaulted our works and were repulsed.
On the 15th another bittle occurred, Forre making three charges on our lines, and was iriven back each time with great slaughter.
On the night of the 15th the last day'e ra ions were distributed, and next morning the expedition started on his return, followed by Buford's cavalry, who retired with heavy loss. After going tour miles, when supplies were met with at Salem, the troops obtained something to live on off the country.

On the 20th the expedition reached Lagrange, with a loss, all told, of 500 men.

Not a gan or wagon was lost during the Prisoners say that the rebel loss was not less than four thousand. Despatches explured by General Hutch admitted a less of two thousand ione hundred.

Among the rebel killed are Cols. Faulkaer. Mowbray, Nelson, Forrest, Herrison and Greene.
Col. Wilkins, Ninth Minnesoto, and Lieut. McMabon are the only field-officers known to be killed. The wounded were being brought into

Memphis.

When the expedition returned they brought back with them two hundred and fifty prisoners. The rebel dead were burled by our The steamer St. Cloud, from White river has arrived at Memphis, bringing the first news received from that river for a week. Querrillas are scarce, and all the boats in the river are safe.

Sr. Louis, July 23, The Democrat's Fort Leavenworth special saye that Thornton is now reported to be at Kingsion, having been joined by Thrailkill with considerable force. Their joint strength is said to be one thousand.

Gen. Flak is pursuing with militia, and Col.

Small bands are scouring Platte end Clay constles, and continue to meet the rebels.

Gen. Curtis still holds Weston with part of
the One Hundred and Thirty-eight Hilmois and a battery under Maj. Turson, from South ern Kansas.

Bush whacking operations ere ective

western Missouri, south of the river.

McKeen thinks they design foraging into Kansas. At least 700 arms have been turned ver to Thornion. It was said of Platte City that 1,500 Illinoisane would join his force.

The river patrol is still kept up north o Thornton's maranders have a regimental or

Colonel, and Trailkill, Major. Several notorious disloyaliste have been A fight occurred this morning between eighty guerrilas and the State militis, nuder theory of the control of th

WASHINGTON, July 23. Secretary Fessenden has just lesued the folowing notice to the holders of three years -30 notes, dated Anguer 19, 1861: Holders of neven-thirty notes dated August 9, 1864, are notified that they may be presented immediately in any amount to be exchanged for alx per cent. bonds, falling due after June 30,

per cent. bonds, falling due after June 30, 1881. The interest on the seven-thirty notes will be actiled up to the date of maturity, Angust 19, and the six per cent. bonds will bear full compone from July 1st.

The adjustment of interest will be made by deducting from the amount the interest found to be due on the 7:30 notes to Angust 9th secreted on the 6 per cent bonds from July 1st. rued on the 6 per cent bonds from July lai to Angust 19th. The balance will be trans-mitted by the Treasurer's coin draft immedi-stely upon settlement. When notes are sent for settlement as above they must orsed," Pay to Secretary of Treasnry for re-temption," and must be eccompanied by a otter stating the kind, of registered or conpone, end the denominations of alx per co-bonds wanted in exchange; when register bonds are ordered parties should state which of the following places they desire their in-terest paid, viz. New York, Philadelphia Boston, Baltimure, New Orleans, Chicogo, St

Boston, Battimore, Louis, or Cincinnati. W. P. FESSENDAY, Sec. NEW YORK, Junly 22. The Herald's Washington special has the bllowing: Lieut, Markiet, 24th Ohio, Captain Driscoll

od Ohio, and Lieut. Perly, 7th lilinois, are neld by rebels in close confinement, in retall-tion for rebel citizens similarly held at Johnerts for a general exchange of prisoners have thus far lailed. [Special to the Post.]

Washington, July 23.

ser of Joe Johnston in the command of the rebel army in Georgia. They declare that he possesses none of the qualities requisite for such an important command.

Richmond editors still profess to cherish the hope that Atlants may hold out. They report that Shermen has destroyed the telegraphic communication with Augusta and Montgom-

WASHINGTON, July 22 The National Republican extra says the Government is in receipt of a dispatch to-day from the telegraph department at Chattanooga, in the following words:

"Atlanta is not ours yet. Our forces found strong opposition."

It seems that we are in proceeding of part.

norning were from 250 to 35334. The latest

and, but it is not known whether

Official details of Sherman's battle on Thurs

vagoa factory, Wilson, Childs & Co.'s, wa

rebels, has been sold to the Prussian govern

[Special to Commercial.]

into Maryland yesterday, puts the number st 5,000 cavalry, srtillery and infantry.

The steamer Dudley Buck arrived from Newberne this evening. She confirms the re-

gentleman who saw the party crossing

FORTHESS MONBOR, July 33.

PHILADELPHIA, July 23.

NEW YORL, July 23.

Toledo, July 23.

WASHINGTON, July 23.

It seems that we are in possession of part

The advertisement for the Seven and Threeenth Loan will appear on Monday or Tuesday of next week. No specific amount will be called for, the only limit being that fixed by called for, the only limit being that ared by law, which provides for the issue of two hundred millions. Subscriptions will be received for from fifty to five thousand dollars. The advertisement will be accompanied by a brief appeal to the people to come forward to help their Government to carry on the war. In this paper the Secretary will set forth the extensional time of the finances, that subscribers act condition of the fluences, that subscribers to the new loan may be advised of the precise value of their investments to themselves and the Government.

The statement in the New York Herald and other journals, that it has not been decided whether to make these 7 30 acres convertible question would bear six per cent. interest, and it was decided, as we telegraphed a few days ago, that they should be 5 20's running Governor Seymonr has countermended all orders for mentering in and the departure of militia regiments under ten days' call. Owing

to the misrepresentations as to their being ilable to drait while absent, he has directed Major General Sanford to proceed to Wash-ington and consult the suthorities in the mat-The Poet's Washington correspondent says

that part of Moeby's cavalry, not over two or three hundred, have entered western Maryoliections, &c.

There is no truth in the statement that Stan-Col. Sowell, of the Second Massachusetts, has succeeded in removing a large amount of goods and supplies, fine, &c., by canal, to

The Richmond Enquirer intimates that the force which invaded Maryland was 40,000 illiant anccess.
Illood abandoned the fleid, leaving his dead lorce which invaded Maryland was 40,000 strong, and expresses great disappointment at its failure to capture Washington.

No confirmation of the reported fight at Leesburg has been received here. It e fight had taken place yesterday at Leesburg, which is in the Department of Washington, it would doubtless be known at Gen. Angur's headquarters by this time, but no information of the sort has reached them. thousand prisoners. Our loss was only fifteen hundred.

The extensive army wagon factory at Kensington was totally destroyed last night, including the lumber yard, covering thirty acrea. The loss is estimated at \$300,000, and the insurance on which is \$40,000. The odjoining he sort has reached there.

The Navy Department has received information of the following captures:

On the 10th inst., the sloop Hope, of Nassau, N. P., loaded with nineteen bales of cet-on and nine boxes of tobacco from Savannah; was captured by the United States steamer In-

The Herald's Paris correspondent states that Dronyn de L'Hays officially informed Mr. Dayton that the steamer Yeddo, heretofore supposed to have been built for the A fire at Defiance, O., last night, destroyed woolen factory, a planing mill and en iron bundry. Loss \$75,000.

sank in Horse Island creek.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLS DEMOCRAT, PRIDAY EVENING, July 23d, 1864. Gold closed in New York to-day at 154% prem.

ort of having been chased by a suspicious poking propoller answering the description There is almost entire absence of business in the city. neactions being almost entirely confined to the re-WASHINGTON, July 23. all lrade. Yesterday evening 60 rebel officers, of dif We hear rumors that military orders have been issued erent grades, were taken from Capital aud claware prisons, and to-day over 60 rebel riconers were forwarded to Elmyra, under of greatly increased stringency, forbidding goods being

ports that all was quiet when she left there esterday, with the exception of an occusional ischarge of artillery or the crack of a rifle. NEW YORK, July 23. The steamer Celary, from New Orleans, via dermuda Hundreds, arrived to-night, and anded at the latter place the 1733, 1731, and detachment of the 174th New York regi-

uard of the 9th regiment of voteran ruserve

The mail steamer Keyport, from City Point

REAT EXCITEMENT AT HEN-Fight Reported in Progress-Hegira

of Citizens. The Evansville Journal of Friday says: conrier arrived in this city yesterday from enderson, advising the gunbats and the illiary authorities that the place was attacked the rebels, variously estimated at from 150 700, and that fighting was then golog on. The news created some excitement in the The news created some excitement in ity, and the gunboats immediately got up team and left for Henderson. In the meantime certain distinguished citi-cus of Henderson made great exertious to

prevent the execution, and, whether through their influence or not, certain it is that a mea-gage was received from Gen. Exing's headquarters postponing the execution.

The civizene of Henderson being apprised of apprehended hostilities, left the city in large numbers, the Halleck being literally crowded ull, and others leaving in buggles and what-ver conveyances they could secure. When the Halleck left the guerrillas were

Persons who lets later report that the guerrillas were in the city, and that the Federal troops were drawn up in line of battle around the courthouse awaiting an attack.

There evidently was a great scare, if not great danger; but the timely arrival of the gurboats would save the Federal troops from any disaster, and if the city is attacked by guerrillas, we shall not be surprised to learn that it has suffered some from the shells of

our gnubosts. We have information which we deem it im olitic to publish, that there is a fair prospec of the guerrilias in that part of Keutucky get-ting more fight than they have stomache for, though they may be advised of their danger by their organ in this city in time to shun the anger by precipitate flight. We awalt further advices from Henderson

with much solicitude. Latest.-From the passengers who errived on the Mismi last night we fear that the gua-boot Brilliant was shelling the woods at the lower end of Henderson when the Mismi passed up, but it is not expected that Captain Perkine will do the town much damage, whether the guerrillas are there or not. We are sorry Commander Fitch is not there in person, as we know he would set promptly and efficiently.

Summer Fashious at the Paris Races. The Conntess de Ronvieres has been benev The Conntesa de Ronvieres has been benevolent enough to note end describe, for the benefit of womanhood in general, the following tollettes, worn by feur des pois of the Parislan world at the race-course which has just witnessed the brilliant triumph of the French horse Vermarth, over his English competitor, Blair Athol. The Countess' list is a condensed treaties on the Summer fashions of 1844; and we leave it to our fair readers to turn it to their own awest uses, as their native taste, heir own awest ness, as their native taste, heir acquired skill, their complexion, and the color of their hair, may enable and require

them to do:

evanescent delights)—Dress and casaque adjustes of Beires blue sitk, bennet passe of blue tiells, calotte of blue ribbons, lutertwined with Ose-colored lizerous.

The Princess de Sagan—Dress of white mus iln with lace over rose color; caseque of rose-colored silk, trimmed with white sace; bonnet like that of the Princess Metternich, in rose

nior. Madame de Pourtales—Dress and scarf of carcelle of red leather; bonnet of white fulls. ornamented with gold bees on blue velvet.

Mme, Emilie de Girardin—Dress and casaque
of white mobalr, ornamented with baseettes of The Duchess of Persigny-Dress of white

The Duchess of Persigny—Dress of white musils over blue, with small volants and entreduces of Valenciesnes lace; mantelet of black lace; bounet of blue fulls.

Madame Colonus—Dress of gray silk, with large estables embroidered in gray; shawl of white musils and lace; bounet of white craps.

The Princess Ponistowski—Dress of beavered silk; shawl of black lace; straw hat trimered silk; shawl of silk; TELEGRAPH MARKETS ered silk; shawl of black lace; straw hat trimmed with field-flowers.

The Duchess of Morny-Dress of slik broad stripes of white, black and blue; black accommutalla; white bonnet (espete), with blue

and black feathers.

Madame De Bolrdemer—Dress and casaque ajustee of persenche-colored silk (Rousseau coming back into fashion), over an under skirt of the same, trimmed with personele and white chicerees; a Louis XIII, with eigniettes; a bonnet of white fulle with a traine of cle-An ingenious person has proposed, indeed

that we should go as a people into sack-cloth and ashes, and, raising the blockade, flood the that we should go as a people into and ashes, and, raising the blockade, flood the and ashes, and, raising the blockade, flood the South with European goods and fashions. The theory seems to be, that as the South has grown visibly atronger on starvation and isclation, we ought to change our tactice, and the repeals by luxury," while we in homespun and hominy seek the strength we so much need. The project has the metit, at least, of not being commonpiace; but as it has not yet been formally adopted, even by the "ladica of the black bee," we make no apology for continuing to recognize the fact that the American woman likes to know how other women dress, and is not indisposed to out dress them, if she possibly cap. Richmond papers just received here contain erce attacks on General flood se the succes-

to five or six per cent. bonds, is incorrect. here was never any doubt that the bonds in

from Anguet 1, 1867.

The statement in the New York papers that secretary Fessenden had gone North and to his home, la incorrect. He has not left the city, and will not do so for a week or ten

days.

Persons doing business with the Government should understand that certificates of indebtedness are now transmitted free from the Treasury, by Express. The adoption of this course of procedure is a blow at the middle men, who made money by commissions on collections.

ton proposes reaigning.

Rev. Col. Jaquess had an interview with the President to-day, but nothing is yet known of the result. It is very probable that nothing more will be heard of the matter. ay has been received. Our troops gained a

was captured by the United States steemer Inland, while attempting to run out of Lapelo. The cargo of the flope has been sent to Philedelphia for adjudication.

On the night of the 26th of June, the sloop Mary, of Nassau, N. P., was captured by the United States steamer Norfolk Packet off Mueketo Inlet, Florida. The Mary had on board nine bales of cotton and one passenger named M. J. Buckuer, of Savannah, who has frequently run the blockade. The vessel was sent to Port Royal station, where she was sent to Port Royal station, where she

FINANCE AND TRADE

The money market is nuchanged.

ont. after to-day, to any part of Kentucky. We undertand that the alleged reason for this order is that the ebels, who are said to have control in most of the ountles of the State, manage to get most of the goods ent from here by payment or otherwise. This order rill operate severely upon our merchants, but it is to be oped that it will not last long.

The attendance on 'Change to-day was less than it

ered little more than nominal. For particulars of currency matters see specia and Daily Review of the Louisville Market.

[REPORTED FROM THE MERCHANTS' MECHANGE.]

has been for several days, arising probably from the general depression in business. No sales of conse-

ence were reported, and our quotations must be con-

FLOUR-We conlinue to quote superfine at 48 75(39: extra family at 49 75@10, and fancy brands at \$11@12 but transactions are mainly limited to the local demand, Wasar—Receipts very light. Maditerranean and Ala-Coun-Is more active, dealers paying \$1 15@1 20, Sales om store at \$1 40-21 45.

at \$1 25@1 30. Barley \$1 45@1 50, with light transact Baan, &c.-We quote Bran at \$25@27, and Middlings at 445 per tun. Some superior Middlings are held at 430. No Shorte or Shipstuffs in market. Burren-Is without change, retailing at 35Q40c. W R, in firkins commands 35@3%. CHERSE—New W. R. commands 19%c, and Ohlo Hamourg 19c in a small way. Stock better.

Oars, &3-Oats we still quote at 950@41. Rys is dut

COAL-Pittsburg Coal is selling at 300 per bushel, and Nut Coal to 28c. FLAX SEED-We note sales at #2 65 per bushel GROCRAFES—New Orleans Sugar is held at 25 328c by he hhd; in bbis it commands from %e to 1c per 3 more, loft Yellow is held at 30@32c, and Crushed, &c., 33@35c. O. Molasses #1"20 and Syrup #1 40@1 50, Coffee is

COTTON YARNS-Held at 77@83c, in a small way.

held at 53@54c. HAY-Baled timothy is dull at \$30@52; at retail \$38. .cose, from wagon, brings \$15@25; new \$20. LIMMUD OIL-Sales at 01 75@1 90. POTATOES-We quote from wagons at \$3@3 25 and from ore at 43 50@4 and dutt

Louisville Tobacco Market. SATURDAY—Siles at the Tobacco Exchange to-day 257 this, as follows: 6 at 97; 8 st 99; 29 at 910; 21 at 911; 15 at 412: 13 at 413: 13 at 414: 7 at 415: 13 at 416; 15 at 417: 19 at 015; 5 at 019; 8 at 020; 4 at 021; 4 at 022; 7 at 023; 3 at \$24: 8 at \$25: 14 at \$26: 6 at \$27: 6 at \$30: 8 at \$20: 5 at \$30. 2 at \$31; 6 at \$52; 2 at \$30; 5 at \$64; 1 at \$15 50; 2 at \$86; 2 at \$37; 1 at \$68 35; 1 at \$69; 1 at \$40; 2 at \$41; 1 at \$43 and

at \$47 per 100 pounds. Receipts during the past week 1,298 hhds-sales 1,653, SPECIE AND BANKSTOTE LIST. 155-160 145-170 Foent a'm. 140-145 150-155 Foent p'm Trea'y Notes and Chio Iudiana and Kentucky moneys National Bank Notes The Princess Matternich (wife of the Ausrian Embassador, a young end very brilliant ceauty, excessively given to the world and ha

PHILADELPHIA MARKET. rine is quoted at \$9 25@9 50, and Flour—Dull; superfine is quoted at \$6 25@9 50, and stra at \$6 75@16 25.

Whuss—D-blined with sales of red at \$2 59@2 50, and hite at \$2 55@3 70.

Corn—Dull with sale at \$1 73.

Oats—Dull, with sales of new at \$30, and old at 90 Whisky-Firm with sales at \$1 60,

ST. LOUIS MARKET.
Er. Louis, July 22,
ded duliness in the markets, and little business
d. Tendency of prices downward. Tobacco-Heavy and lower,
Hemp-Firm at \$3.00,225, dressed.
Flour-Langild, buyers holding off for lower prices.
Corp-Dull and dragging.
Outs-Unchanged.
Whisky-Quiez.

New York, July 23-P. M.

Cotton more active without decided change at \$1 600 of for middling uplands. Flour-State and western heavy and 10@15c lower at \$9 85@\$10 for extra State. and \$10@10 60 for R. H. O. Wheat 1@30 lower with a moderate demand at \$3 35-2344 for Chicago spring, \$2 30 \$2 49 for Milwaukee club: \$2 00-32 65 for winter red western. Corn firm at \$1 @ for new mixed western and \$1 51 for unsound. Outs dull at \$1@1 01 for western and duil and nominally unchanged. Coffee dull at about previous prices. Sugar dull; Cuba 20@21%c. Molasses dull. Petroleum duit and heavy at 49@50 for cruds and

new mees; \$30 for prime and \$35.70@30 for prime mess.
Beef unchanged. Out mests quiet and steady. Lard a

81@220 for refined in bond. Wool quiet and favors buy-ers. Pork dull and lower at 408 for meas; 438 50@29 for

Arrangements are making for the payment of the army to Jaly 1. Many of the troops are four months in arrears. It is expected that paymeaters will proceed to the froat with funds very soon after the Secretary of the Treasury has offered the new loas to the page 18.

Washington, July 23.

Cincinnati Specials.

# Maily Democrat.

[From the Boston Courter ] ABRAM AND COLUMBIA.

Lank Abram lolled in his library chair,
Conculting "Joe Miller" and "Vanity Fair,"
When in ewept Columba, careworn and pale,
But daunties and haughty "nid Fortune's areail—
"Come, steward," she said, "now explain, if you

why shan't I discharge you and try a new man?" Then Abram, the wily, replied, with a grin:
"A Dutchman once said, in the county of Quinn
(The story is old, but in point, as I deem),
"Tain! asfe to swap horses when crossing
atream." stream.

"Cease, elrrah, your jesting! remember," raid.
"My fields with the blood of my yeomany red!
The wait of the widow, the orphan's sad eye,
Rebuke the rude trifling of lowly or high.
My children are warring along my green alopes—
I come for your counsels, your plans and your
home."

Quoth Abram, ' Dou't swap, for, as sure as a gun, Quoin Aorada. This cirtain, must never be done.
Your blier will bust if you bother the stram;
Taint safe to awap horses when crossing

"But, steward," she answered, "my debts ac int for my treasures of silver and gold. d taxes are wrested from labor's bro ledged is my income, and mortgaged my land, equanderings waste what the plunderers Three years of your follies have brought me to

And Abram replied, as he straddled his chair, "You know, my dear madam, I'm honest and To shelve a tried President Non't ever dream -Taint eafe to swap horses when crossing a stream."

"You crouch to John Bull; for French despot hurrab;
You crime to the Spaniard, and toady the Case;
My shield cannot shifter a poor refugee;
My commerce is hunted all over the eea.
How fallen am I—the Queen of the West,
Who walked among nations, more proud than the nd than th

"Tie true," said the steward. "I notice your fix; But let the pot boil, and jest tote up the sitcks; Don't muddle the milk, if you hope to get cream-Taint safe to swap horses when crossing

"Sir, since you persist in your quips and you Rosecrans, Cameron, Scott and Nat Pray, why do you 'swap,' if removal won't cure When Fremont was fast, and Mc'Clellan

oure !"
And, quelling her tears, she demanded reply,
With clouds on her brow and a flame in her eye. "That 'minds me," said Abram, "of old Deacon What's sase for the gander ain't sass for the goos. 'Things ain't st all times,' see he, 'quite what they

seem'int safe to swap horses when crossing Ruin, havoc and death in the homes of the free; Pair Liberty stabbed by the lords of misrale. Whila, thoughtless, she laughs at the freaks of their fool. "Enought" cried Columbia, "my future I

Thieves, clowns and neurpers in council preside, And fraud, force and folly my destinies guide." "I have it i" quoth Abram, "as slick as a mics! Squash Hamitu, and Government's rid of its vice: But don't you turn tail at a Copperhead scream—Taint safe to swap horses when crossing

Columbia, disgueted, would listen no more, But cried, in a rage, as she stormed through the door,
'I have kept an old donkey for nearly four years,
Who brings me but scorn, and disasters and tears I
I vow I will drive a respectable team,
Though forced to 'awap' horses when crossing a
stream."—(CORDUROY.

> (From the Cincinnati Times ) FRENCH LINGO. BY VANDIKE BROWNE. "Before you go to France You'd better learn the tingo; If you don't, like me, You'll repent, by jingo!"—[Hood.

Perchance I sit me down to cat
With hunger which I'm told is fame; With hunger, which I'm told is fame; Impatient, liearing milk is late, And grieved to find my bread is pain; My wordless woe 'tis vain to tell When even sait becomes a sell.

A cabbage head is but a chew;
My honey is disguised in meal,
For water, I must awailow you—
The town, I find, is christened real;
I grumble at the troil I take
Like old John Rogers at his stake.

A word to you, my reader friend—
I'm forced to tell it entre nous—
No language but the French can lend
An old euchantment to the view;
The truest word of all their mote
Is, silly people are the sots.

I find I'm best whene'er I muse
And join my cot for social chat—
Avoiding barbarons parley cous
That yawps out chapsen, for a hat,
One's brain must dance to get the hang
Of language when the blood is sang.

# THE PUZZLED CENSUS-TAKER

BY JOHN O SAYE

"Got any boys?" the Marchal said To a lady from over the Bhine; And the lady shook her flaxen head, And civilly answered "None!"

"Got any girls?" the Marshal said To the lady from over the Rhine; And again the lady shook her head, And civilly answered "Nine!"

"Husband of course?" the Marchal said To the lady from over the Rhine; And the lady shook her flaxen bead, And civilly answered "Nine!

"Now what do you mean by shaking your head And always answering Nine! '
Joh kaan nicht English,' civilly said
The lady from over the Rhine.

## "Nein," pronounced wine, is the German for me Letter to a Bride

I am holding some pasteboard in my hands, Addie!—three stately pluckings proper politeness, perhaps made the from the blush of eeremony. I am gazing old gentleman all the more attentive. upon a eard, and upon a name-a name with which your gentle life began, a name with which your throbbing heart was lost.

There is nothing strange about that card.

Next morning they againset out on their forms the lady seemed quite to belong to them now. Having ascertained that she was ing tin-pails, with cup attachments, and

come throbbing up to the holy man, whia- rascal! pering the deep promise that arms each other with the other's heart, to keep on la whether anger at being taken in, or the other sheart, to keep on la whether anger at being taken in, or the the life struggle of care and duty. The beauty from the scene. The gay and the the charm. Some will weep over it as if it were a tomb, and some will laugh over it for It is fate, not fun, this everlasting locking of their lives!

And now, can you, who have queened i over so many bending forms, can you come down to the frugal diet of a single heart? Hitherto you have been a clock, giving your time to all the world. Now you are a watch, buried in one particular bosom, warming only his breast, marking only his hours, clicking only to the beat of his heart—where time and feeling shall be in unison, until these lower ties are lost in that high-until these lower ties are united stations in the Bombay Presidency, many prettiest plebeian girls to dance with, drank more champagne than was good for him, were with him, and the Cheplain of the more champagne than was good for him, regiment. Any one who has been quarter—made his wife jealous, and caused his mether

[From Chambers' Journal,] An Old Woman on Wife-Choosing.

choose their wives are wonderful to me; was the great event of the time—Captain they seem to bestew more trouble and pains Williams had two sisters, who both lived upon the choice of a coat. One or two in- with their widowed mother at home. There stances which have lately come to my notice had been a much larger family, but all had will account for the charges I have brought died except the eldest and youngest daugh against the lords of the creation; but only ter, the brother being come where about half-some of them, for others finding no one way between. There was nearly twenty good enough, and by remaining old bache-lors; and it is best they should, for men of Williams hardly looked upon the elder as a that sort would have worried angels, had eister, being born of a former marriage, they happened to marry them.

One friend of mine come to me some little ed with great feeling his lonely life there and Captain Williams was often his confat some small up-country station, never dant. seeing a European for weeks at a time. 1 Whenever the mail came in, he would el-remember taking off my spectacles, and ways stroll to the Captain's bungaloe, and "Aifred, why don't you marry!"

thinking of," said he. "Very well, then, what is to hinder you?"

have been thinking you could do for mea few eligibles?

plied; "I was never used to anything of pride in her pocket and consent to come out that sort in my youth." there's Jones of the 10th, and Wiggins of gland and back would be more than his the 19th, married just in that sort of a way, slender finances could stand. and both have been as fortunate as If they

had been months at it.'

making himself generally agreeable, and them thought anything of that, as very alternate strips of red and straw colors, making other friends introduce him, not likely the bride elect was say, and had dethe huge menster has pretty large preienmaking other friends introduce him, not much income; I think he was afraid I should look sly.

But toward the end of the evening, he came quietly up to me and said "Goody" might soon be expected to move up the came quietly up to me and said "Goody" might soon be expected to move up the think I doubt if a finer sight of a balloon (that is always my name with young people), country further from Bombay, and leave who is that with the pink dress on, with would then be more difficult, and the her back toward me?

and a very nice girl, too. 'That's my wife; I like her back," said and came down to Bombay.

sety marriage.

to do last winter in town when he was up liams in desperation. with his father, who was ill with the gout; course he saw a good many people go by in it did some months after. ourse of the day.

a pelt, and as he was at his post, he saw a ing "This is not the articla I sent for," pretty girl run across the road from the park, straight to the door of his father's steamer, he quietly accepted his destiny. he was going for a walk himself, and open- a strong hearty widew, who returned next

She really was very pretty, and very wet. fered umbrelia was a heavy one, Balmayae all the wonders she has seen in India. carried it for her himself. She was a girl Thie also, I am sorry to say, is a of good family, but very poor-that evil a large party coming to the old gentleman's Highland box, Balmayne must come with him end leave his beautiful young wife be-

At the Euston-square railway station, when Balmayne arrived with his father, there was such a rush for seats, that they the question; but they secured a compartment which, as we all know, contains only regiment. four. One lady was already in this: but with the old gentleman's lunate politenese, he would not hear of her moving, though as his gouty foot was obliged to be placed on the opposite seat, there was only room

for them. the son opposite to her. The lady was very scarcely know his own mind. Then, again, pretty, and seemed so sorry and sympathis. if he waits till he comes home "for good" ing, whenever a twinge of the gout forced he is what is commonly called an old fogy, a strong expression from the old gentleman, that at last he began to take some Both are evils, but the worst evil of all is notice of her, and talk to her. Balmayne picking up no one knowe whom, in those absorbed in his newspaper, left them entirely to themselves; and before they had come home, and take your place amongst reached York, they were quite good friends. Your family and friends, that though your It so happened that the young lady, too, wife might be very well in the bush, or at was going to spend the night at York; and as she was quite alone, the old gentlman ornament to your father's halls nor your told her she had better come to the same botel as they did, and his servant should beware! the old women has had her say. look after her things, for evidently Balmayne did not intend to take the smallest notice of her; and seeing his son's want of preper politeness, perhaps made the good Next morning they again set out on their

real pleasure at his non's unknown wife be- him in the social acala. be there, borrowing new ing so much better than he had expected,

> fection; and one carriage took them all to where pretense erceps in, and men and his shooting-box; and from that day to this, women marry nasuitably—where wives the good father has never ceased to bless the often fail to see their duties alearly, or

more, which didn't turn out so well. Captain Williams-I forget of what regi-

roung chaplain used to read over their nemo-letters together, and talk ever ab-The carelessness with which some men sent friends, for the arrival of the mail and more like an aunt than anything else. This Cheplain was rather a nemby-pamime ago, and told me that he was going by nort of fellow, always complaining of back to ludia in three months, and describ- his lonely life and all that sort of thing;

wiping them, and leisurely putting them at last was allowed to read some of his into the case, before I could quite make up sister's letters, for he kept a close corremy mind to say what I wanted. At last I spondence with that dear little own sister said: "Alfred, why don't you marry!" of his; and as he talked with great delight "My dear soul, that is just what I am of her, and read passages of her letters to the low-spirited young Chaplain, it is ao wonder if at last this young man began to wish she would write to him. "Well, you see, grouse shooting begins her picture; her brother had had it paintnext week; of course I can't miss that, and ed just before he left England; and it was in three months I sail. But I tell you what quite pretty enough to make a remantic young man with nothing to do fancy himwould you mind giving a party, and asking self in love with it; so, after a little, he went to the Captain, and proposed seriously "My dear Alfred, you shock me," I re- for his sister, only the lady must put he to him, as he could not possibly get leave; "Well, I assure you it is often done now; besides the expenses of the jenrney to En

So Capt. Williams wrote the letter, and in due time the answer came that his sister journey longer and more expensive. So, "That," said I, "is Miss Martin Browne, about the time expected, our two friends, so soon to be brothers, get a fortnight's leave

narried her, and both sailed for India to- the steamer, and how nervously they well-dressed ladies, gantlemen, and child gether. I often hear from them, and noth- watched all the passengers as they appearing can have turned out better than that ed. A sigh of disappointment was rising orty marriage.

to the heart of the young Cheplain—he could not see the original of the picture never thought he would have done so well when he was stortled by a herror-struck as he has, after that imprudent marriage of exclamation of his friend; "By Heavens, his, and he heir to so much. But it's all Arabellai" And at the same moment an right now, end I'll tell you how it come to elderly female rushed at the poor Captain, and folded him in a sisterly embrace.
You must know Balmayne hadn't much "Where is Alice?" exclaimed Captain Wil-

"At home with mamma, dear brother o he used to spend a good deal of his time said the bride-expectant, glancing at his ooking out of the dining-room window; companion. The Chaplain looked at her and as his father has one of those houses in and then at his friend. Some said his hair Piccadilly, not far from Mrs. Beresford's, of turned white then and there; at any rate

Well, you know I said he was a namby-One morning it rained very hard-quite pamby sort of a fellow, so instead of sayhouse. She had no umbrella; so, of course, But either it was too much for him, or the Beimayne's first impulse was to lead her climate did not agree with him; semehew one. lie put on his hat and coat just as if or other, in a year or two he died, leaving mail to England, and is now, as far as I know, the gracle of soma of the small Chel-She wouldn't come in to be dried, for she to nham tea parties, and tells of the roman-was in a hurry to be home; so as the of-tio attachment of her dear husband, and of

This also, I am sorry to say, is a true story, and often have I been sorry far tha poor, lew-spirited Cheplain. I only wish worse than sin, in the eyes of some people. poor, low-spirited Cheplain. I only wish flowever, to make a long story short, Bal-his little experience may teach young men mayne married her before the season was to look well before they leap. India and over; and mere then that, had told his the colonies are full of each histories. If, father that such was his intention. This when quartered at those ont-of-the-way breught on another fit of gout; and the old gentlemen vowed and declared that he would would not speak to at home, sons and near your nadir ere quite settened out any never see her; and so matters were in this brothers would only remember, before marfix, till it was time to go down for the 12th; rying, the misery they bring upon their and as the moors were in capital order, and fond, proud, mothers and sisters. I do think such catastrophes would less frequently oceur.

Thank goodness, I have neither son nor hind. This grieved him sadly; but at last brother to be anxions about. I heard of a bright idea occurred to him, which he carried out, as we shall relate; for all these Hottentot. What in the world would the countess, his mother, and his sisters, the Ladies Anne and Louisa, have eaid to such a sieter-in-law? And yat they would have had some difficulty in finding one; and as had her if the marriage had not been pre-to a carriage to themselves, that was out of vented by the presence of mind of a friend of mine, a young brother-officer of his own

It really is a serious question, now that our young men are sent all over the world when hardly out of achool-room discipline. whether they ought not to marry before they go. This, anxious mothers and sistere or them.

The lady sat by the old gentleman, and show of reason, for at that age a man can whom no pretty girl would really care for far-off lands, and then finding, when you

THE LABORER'S WIFE .- The Chicago Journal paye a very handsome compliment to the laborer's wife. The writer says:

fergetten us. It seems to me meet that a us at the moors; wouldn't she, flalmayne? He takes the wolcome pai from the good past, so calm and pure as yours, shoulder.

But Balmayne was as white as a sheet, wife a hands without any apontal demonand could hardly speak. At last, however, strations of appliance, and sectres to a corthat flowers and music, kind friends and carnest words, should consecrate the hour you like, father."

Straining of appliance, and feet of cable, catching is a tree, more gas while he cate, the inetter half stands by was discharged, and we settied as quietly "I mean that she's my wife!" gasped out ment.

The great stages of our being are the birth, the bridai and the burial. To the birth, the bring only weakness—for the lest

"I mean that she's my wife!" gasped out the propile were not the very happient in the world in their matrimonial relations.

"By Jove!" said the old gentleman, turn-the world in their matrimonial relations.

"By Jove!" said the old gentleman, turn-the world in their matrimonial relations. we have nothing but dust! But here, at lug as purple as a turkey-cock; who would Each is so dependent upon the other, and the altar, where life joins life, the pair have thought it? You impudent young each so appreciative of the other's work Many a man who sits down to his sumptu-

God blese the laborers' wives! how her husband e ruse would succeed.

Nothing could be better. The old gentlewell as married; those social luxuries ar man embraced her with real paternal af- left to the "higher classes" of society

While at Cambridge the Prince of ment-was quartered at one of the small Wales attended the ball given in his honor, stations in the Bombay Presidency, many and he danced every dance, selected the naver prettiest plebeian girls to dance with, drank to a soldier to get some beer for the crowd,

AERIAL NAVIGATION.

Five Handred and Eighth Ascent of the English Aeronaut, Henry Coxwell-Description of his Monster New Balloon, the Britannia, &c.

[Correspondence of the New York Herald.] The eminent aeronaut, Henry Coxwell Esq., who has just completed his five hundred and eighth balloon ascent, not entire ly satisfied with his balloons or the numer us journeys made with them, determined to make a new one, lerger sven than the menster with which I took so interesting a ourney with him over London in Octoberan account of which appeared in the Herald-and, setting himself to work, he, seconded most ably by his talented and energetic wife, complated a balloon in six weeks time that will hold over one hundred thousand feet of gas, and which, with a car of ample size, can take up twenty-feur With this he expects to attain persons. certain hights, perform journeys, and remain above the earth to a greater extent than he has accomplished in any of his

former aerial trips. Last Thursday was the day appointed to augurate the earreer of this new aspirant aeronautic honors, and he invited your correspondent to accompany him.

Satisfying myself that everything was n the best arder, I took a seat in the aerial car, along with six other gentlemen-Including our leader-several of eight, whom had, like myself, ascended on former oceasione. It was at the Crystal Palace grounds, the exact spot whence we ascended last autumn. The afternoon was beautiful, and there were some ten thousand spectators present to see us off.

had been months at it."

So I gave my party, for my young friend was a great favorite. He would not let me Introduce him to any one, but looked on, written by the elder sister, but neither of twilled), and, the stuff being arranged in the stuff being arr

ascension was ever witnessed.
Impatient of restraint, the aerial horsechristened the Britannia-was released just five minutes before seven, and res slowly from the earth. A band of music "That's my wife; I like her back," said and eame down to Bombay.
You may imagine how anxiously they are us tha inspiring strains of "Rule Britannia," and the cheers and waving watched on the pier the gradual nearing of handkerehiefs of the vast multitude of ren, gave us a most cheerful parting sa-

With a balloon of this size, and under s experienced a captain as Mr. Coxwell, all idea of danger in the minds of spectators or aerial voyagers seems out of the ques-

The wind, which had been rather brisk uring the day, seemed to be dying away, what remained coming from the southwest. Arising at an angle of about thirty degrees with the perpendicular, the voices of the immense multitude and the strains of the brass band grew mellow and faint, and finally died away in the distance. In four minntee we were about a mile high, and in

eight minutes two miles above the earth. How all the different objects beneath and around us lessened as the broad landscape expanded to our view! The people looked like little dolls or seldier figures, such as we use in the toy shops, while the large park of the Crystal palace dwindled to the size of an ornamental garden in front of a gentleman's mension. The Palace itself. with its length of near a quarter of a mile and a hight of some two hundred feet, which had cheered our spirits when thou-

radius, but, owing to some low, flying clonds, our view in several directions was restricted to ten or afteen miles. Wa went directly towards Biackheath and Greenwich hills, which, high up is a balloon, neer your nadir ere quite fettened out and become level.

One of the m een railway trains, on numerons railways, running about in all directions, all having the aerial regions, when one or two miles from the earth.

We saw little of London, except the eastern portion, but Deptford, the fale of Dogs (the mere "ox-lien" on the Thames), East and West India and Victoria docks, with their forests of shipping, were very conspicuous. The wind, which was lightnot blowing over twelve or fifteen miles an hour-gradually veered around to the west, and after passing over Sydenham, New Cross, Blackheath, Shooter's Hill, and Greenwich Park, wa went directly down the Thames, still keeping on the sonthern or Kent side. Nearing Woolwich, we saw soldiers marching about; and hero Mr. Coxwell said ha would let off come gas, and take a lower position.

I have heard persons speek of the place

where a balloon "dropped," as if it fell directly it got tired of staying up. The skillful aeronant, with a good balloon, not too heavily freighted, and with the requisite amount of ballast, comes down, as a is of great utility, and by perseverance and general rula, just when and where ha invention, far greater achievements will pleases—that is, he alights where he chooses, yet be accomplished, that will prove of yet be accomplished. always considering ha must choose soma place in the line of his route, steering the balloon, or guiding it, being yet among the nudiseovered problems of philosophy. We probably had gas and ballast enough to cent Foreign Notes, we quoted an essay on have kept in the aerial regions twenty-four Dairy Farming, the author of which ad-and thirty-six hours more. But nightfell, vised increased size of stock according to and thirty-six hours more. But nightfell, vised increased size of stock according to business in town, lack of creature comforts, the fertility of the land—if it be rich and lowering clouds, and a certain German good, that large and well-bred cattle could ocean now looming assily in the distance be most profitably kept, while on thinner in the direction wa were traveling, warned and pooer land, small cross-breeds were us that unless we wished to inspect the more sultable. Mr. Flint, in the account seens of the war in Schleswig, or try con-olusions with old Neptnne, with his vagrant School at Grignon, France, states that ex-

nachor, on the end of one hundred and sixty feet of cable, catching is a tree, more gas peculiar to itself .- [Country flent. and safely as you can imagine, in the midlle of the llever road, two or thras miles from Woulwich.

tof course you imagine our acrial travels at an ead. He not too hasty in thy imag-inings, gentia and earth-stepping reader. and Witherspoon; one of Wales, Lewis; to do so.

day when his son gave him such a daughter-in-law.

Before I've done, I'll just tell you one disagree.

one fait to see their duties alearly, or practice them so faithfully and so gladly, and gather round a group like ours as soon cashire, near Wales, and from the name there cannot be much doubt of his Welsh origin. Clymer and his wife, the daughter ing at a wide-mouthed "chaw-bacon" kind, of Reeso Meredith (originally Meredidd), promising us all the forces necessary for balloons did not come down there every day. "Nah," said the bucolic clown, "I from Nsw England were generally direct eccurity and guarantee, your public faith, naver seed un afore." Giving five shillings descendants from the Paritans. getting ready two or three sand bags, and regiment. Any one who has been quarteraround the great Central Heart of ali.
Hoping that calm sunshine may hallow
your clasped hands, I sink silently into a
signature.

The life-buoy on which Semmes early two or three sand ones, and caused his mether deep chagrin by his conduct, which she exthrew the sand, back went the crowd, and signature.

The life-buoy on which Semmes early two or three sand ones, and caused his mether deep chagrin by his conduct, which she exthrew the sand, back went the crowd, and signature.

Semmes are dress, and seems ladies made quieted seems, and caused his mether deep chagrin by his conduct, which she exthrew the sand, back went the crowd, and signature.

Semmes early two or three sand ones, and caused his mether deep chagrin by his conduct, which she exthrew the sand, back went the crowd, and so threw the sand, back went the crowd, and signature.

Some that the sand of the captain will not admit of it. But of three Amovisan ladies made quiete a sena lond and commanding voice. Over we caped has been presented by the Captain will not admit of it. But of three Amovisan ladies made quiete a sena lond and commanding voice. Over we caped has been presented by the captain will not admit of it. But of three Amovisan ladies made quiete a sena lond and commanding voice. Over we caped has been presented by the captain will not admit of it. But of three Amovisan ladies and the sand of the being ready, "All let go," all let go," all let go," all let go, "All let go," al

us, made us look over the side; and there, ure enough, dangling at the end of a short rope, under the center of the ear, was one doing a simple action. We were going towards an elegant two or three-story house, and unless we ascended pretty rapidly we stood a chance to swing our pondrous car against its side or roof, and out I threw a lot more ballast. Coxwell, perhaps not

seeing the house, let off some gas, as he did not wish to carry the miserable clown o inevitable destruction. Everybody screamed to the fool to "leb go;" whather he broke his head by his stupidity did-I had no notion of seeing eight law- overthrow. ful travelers run their heads against s housetep, so I poured out two bags of sand. Down dropped the clown from a hight of eight or ten feet, and up went our jovial party, while the air rang with shouts from the lungs of several hundred persons. We rose rapidly, having the excitement and pleasure of two distinct balloon ascen-

sions in one day. in our aerial journey, and showed tha command over the elements and over his ma-chine possessed by the skillful aeronaut. Clouds had in the meantime come overhead, and through these we quickly sped. In seven or eight minutes Mr. Coxwell wo miles high, and, as we were still rising, he discharged a little of our volatile and we floated something like a mile about the olouds, and enjoyed the novel and varied

scene arannd us. No one on board the aerial ship, except Mr. Coxwell himself, had ever witnessed snoh a sight as was now spread out to our gaze. The wind was very moderate; but, whether swift or slow, of course the clouds and curselves were subjected to the same influence and traveled together—a natural consequence being that everything appeared stationary and motionless. There we foated fifteen or twenty minutes and enjeyed the sight-a sight that no pen can de-

seribe

The clouds seen from above have nothing of the same appearance, axcept in color, that they have when viewed from the earth. Instead of that generally level and smeeth appearance we usually and them when above us, they were piled up in long ranges like mountaine. Some o' ns who had bean in the Aretic regions, likened them to the snowy Alps that stand up oold and glittering in the region of the Arctic eirale. cent in one or two places, and those only partially and some distance from the point beneath us, we could not see the earth at all. The whoie scene reminded me of some of John Martin's pictures, wherein he rapresents mingled views of earth and heaven. his officers: It is fixed and dagnerreotyped on my memory as one of the most marveleus and wenderful sights that man was ever permitted

o behold. But all pleasures must have an end. It gradually grew cold, the shades of night show us that they have about them nothing followed the setting sun, and we opened the vaive and slowly descended to a point beneath our celestial canopy of clouds.

We found ourselves near earth, almost could see by "taking sight" down the cable that we scarcely moved at all—hardly two miles an hour. At a bend in the stream we crossed the Thames and moved diagonally over into Essex. At a hight nearly half a mile above the river I threw out my ty, from the hight that I threw it, wenld

alighted thereon.
On we went, with broad pastures bethey caught sight of us knew no bounds.

They believed, reared their tails, and ran by the French, or the so-called empire, the same miniature look which terrestrial away as if they were possessed. Then, returning, they gathered round our aerial monster, as wa touched the ground, and then they seemed ready to charge us with their horns. We stopped their hostila in-tentions by giving them a touch of the ries of stampedee they gradually became

reconciled to our presence.
Our anchor, after dragging a few yards n the ground, caught in the turf, and wa kissed the green carpet as gently as ever did a feathered seed. We descended a querter before nine, having been up ten minutee less than two hours, and enjoyed a varied and picturesque scone, such as few

mortals ever gazed apon.

Mr. Coxwell's new balloon, the Britannia is now fairly christened, and he is now ready for lenger, higher, and more adventurous flights than any ever taken in cloud-

land. As an aid in military affairs, ballooning great Interest and value, both to science

and the arts of life.

flown we gradually came, and our lake mixed herbage of the pastures or other

ver the immerial roll of the signers of the man. Declaration of Independence, euriosity has led ma to examine from what stock they sprang. I find that four of tham were na-tivos of Ireland, viz: Thornton, Rutledge, ponderous and powarful firitannia and one of England, Robert Morrie. There eager, staring, selfish, clownish set of bip-than myself. Morris was born in Lan-

[J. B. R. in Historical Magazine.

News from Mexico.

Tha Emperor, Maximillan, has removed of the most verdant, idiotic-looking conn-try bumpkins that ever broke his eneck by few miles from the capital. few milss from the capital.

Maximllian has already sent several Ministers to represent his new empire at

It is reported a Minister will soon be sent ly relations with the United States. On or not-and I confess I eared little if he his action depends the establishment or

Gen. Uraga has not given in his adnerence to the new empire, as stated.

near Toluon, with sourcely any loss, driving conscience. the Mexicans, like so many sheep, before them. The fact now comes out that the clude, and I will add but one observation. French colonel, who made the attack, was It is given to man sometimes to attack the completely beatsn by the Juarez commend- rights of others, to seize their property, to er, and compelled to fall back upon Toluca, threaten the lives of those who dare defend a fertified post, which the Mexicans at their nationality, to make the highest virtacked, but were not etrong enough to tues appear like crimes, and their own vices take. They, however, captured an immense to shine with the luster of true virtue. But lot of cattle in the vicinity, and in the there is one thing that is beyond the reach

neighboring towns of Zinacantepeo and of the false and perverse, and that is, the Ixtiahuaca, occupied by the French; they, made a destructive raid, darrying off everything they cauld lay their hands upon, and Benito Juanez. driving out the small garrison at the point of the beyonet. The movements of these gusrillas are considered sufficiently important to Induce General Bazaine to send off forces from Mexico to aid in suppressing

Speaking of Riva Palicies, I must men-tion that, falling to get the "bold guerillero" into his slutches, General Bazaine, the commander-in-ohief of the French ferees in directing them to deal summarily with of an ex-king on a visit from his home guerillas, whom he classifies among thieves, in America, and to whom the gentleman

"If the French General," he says, "wishes gravely and seriously declare: to bring oiv lisation to this country (Mexico), he ought to commence by repressing the disorder of the troops under his command, who have traversed the ocean to of the soldier, except the uniform and the erms. But in merality and discipline they are inferier, not only to our organized corps, but even to gnerilles of the worst

exactly ever the Thames, and still on the south side. Setting out our ancher, we "The French wish to swim in the blood of a duel; accordingly, choosing to construe." our patriots, and authorize every expeditionary chief to murder and assassinato. They wish to convince the world of the jus- him. ties of their eause, and to change their lies siderations of rank, agreed to meet tha and calumnies into laws; and, in short, when the entire nation rejects their "proteetlen," they seek to consummate a work of a room-in epposite corners of which looked like an ordinary conservatory or green-house. Farmers' fields reminded one of flower-pots in a gardea, or of the squares in a patchwork counterpans.

Wa had not, as on my former flight, a visibla horizon of sixty or seventy miles radius, but, owing to some low. fiving reduction of the seconds having the conduction of the seconds having the circular of the French General is a challenge of which had cheered our spirits when then the conquest, by constructing the gallows and they were to stand. The seconds having the conquest, by constructing the gallows and they were to stand. The seconds having the conquest, by constructing the gallows and they were to stand. The seconds having the sound that they were to stand. The seconds having the guillotina for every man who will not conquest, by constructing the gallows and they were to stand. The seconds having the guillotina for every man who will not conquest, by constructing the gallows and they were to stand. The seconds they were t ound nearly equal to the explosion of a annon. I believe its accoundlated velocity, from the hight that I threw it, wend are sent it through the deck of a ship had have sent it through the deck of a ship had my of Mexico we have never counted en the parties as agreed upon-withdrawing the elemency of Frenchmen. You will immediately, and leaving their men in the therafore apply in future to French prisonfore us, and here we finally descended in ers who may fall into four hands and powthe oenter of an enormous field, where ar, the articles of the circular of tha comthe center of an enormous field, where there were several hundred oattle. The mander-in-shief of the expeditionary army; actonishment and fright of the animals as and, after having established their identity,

> masio of our throats, a series of nearthly the French General has never, up to this sounds, perhaps not entirely unlike the bellowing of bulls of Bashan. After a selike three hundred to one. Before so easily disposing of the skin of the lion, they ought, was found must have killed him! I think, to try and capture the animal him-

programme of his own form of government.
It is said that he is waiting to become more. "Not so fast! not so fast! my you equainted with the people surrounding him. He will have need to do so, for if he follows the advice of such men as Almonte, the first fire? On my hands and knees in the Merques, Mejis and Miramon, he will be corner; but I was up quicker than he.

Ahi Messieurs, say what we will—boast any of his democratic medium and the state of the death.

Maximilian on his arrival at Vera Cruz proposed a conference with Juares. The atter replied substantially as follows: acter of a polite and respectable person,

to it, although hastily, and without anything like meditation, because you must already empose that the delicate and important charge of President of the republic absorbs ell my time, without cessation, not even at night.

amar, to offer you the crown of Mexico, sources, a sweetness and deliency of flavor with a few acts of nine or ten towns of the nation, you did not perceive in it anything but a ridiculous farce, unworthy to be se-LINEAGE OF THE "StURES."-On looking riously considered by an honest and decent In reply to such an absurdity you de-

manded a free expression of the national will, as the result of universal suffrage. This was to demand an impossibility; but it was the proper duty of an honorable man to do so. How great, then must be my Smith and Taylor; two of Scotland, Wilson it was the proper duty of an honorable man liow great, then, must be my wonder to see you coming to the Mexican for a moment at the conclusion of this The ponderous and powerful Britannia and one of England, Robert Morris. There floated above our heads, sixtean or eighteen are also three of direct Welsh origin, bags of sand still lent us their weighty induced as ballant; the sun was not far believed as a ballant; the sun was not far believed as believed as a ballant; the sun was not far believed as a ballant; the new asset of Irish, Carroll, Read and length of the sun was not far believed as a ballant; the new asset of the sun was not far believed as a ballant; the concluded, "If I ever the a for the concluded, in the concluded, in the concluded, in the concluded is the concluded." If I ever the was a ballant is a ballant is a ballant in the concluded, will be a concluded in the concluded in the concluded in the concluded is the concluded. beauty from the scene. The gay and the would gain the mastery; at last, however, frivolous, they and their influences, will bis natural good humor triumphed, and his look solemn for once. And youth will come to gaze on all its sacred thoughts pant for; room, where was the poor young wife, more divorcee and domestic scandal among this class of people? They are not trouble? They are true helpmeta. They do their language, decorating and taking into one had left the car. Our anchor was got the ancestry of John Adams, Jeffsman, Frankly speaking, I have been greatly de-out of the tree, that and the cable taken on liewes (probably), Clymer, Gwinnett (oriboard, and our captain agreed to gratify ginally Gwinnedd), and perhaps Robert were one of those pure organizations which us.

None but aerial voyagers know what an better informed on genealogical matters

Fou cordially invite me to go to Mexico, and perhaps Robert were one of those pure organizations which are informed on genealogical matters.

Fou cordially invite me to go to Mexico, and perhaps Robert were one of those pure organizations which were one of those pure organizations which are the perhaps Robert were one of those pure organizations which were organizations wh

a city whither you yourself are about to proceed, to the end that wa may there have a conference in conjunction with other Mexican chiefs who are now in arms, promising us all the forees necessary for eccurity and guarantee, your public faith, your word and your honor. It is impossible for me, sir, to accede to this call; my

Wales In behalf of the Queen, the beauty

hands of Mexican traitors; and who at this moment represents the one of the parties who signed the tr worth of that public faith, that word an honor, just as the French people know how much the oaths and promises of a Napoleon are worth.

You say also that from the conference wo might have (in case of my acceptance) you do not doubt that peace will result, and with it the felicity of the Mexican nation; o the United States, as the Emperor and and that in the future the Empire, placing his advisers are anxious to cultivate friend- me in a post of distinguished honor, would count upon my talents and the aid of my patriotism for the general good. It is eertain, sir, that the history of our own times records the names of great traitors who have betrayed their oaths, their word and their promises; who have been false to their own party and principles, and even The French are making little er no pro- to their antecedents, and all that is most gress in the interior of the country. Now sacred to the man of honor; true, also, that and then they encounter and disperse a in all these cases of treason the traitor has few guerillas, when they do not fail to make been guided by the vile ambition of comtheir exploits known by flaming telegraphic mand and the miserable desire of satisfying ens in one day.

All this was a most agreeable interlude the army, and to impress the Emperor with but he who is at present charged with the the idea that the all-conquering French trust of President of the Republic, emerghave nothing to do but to advance and be victorious, it is absolutely necessary that the forces of Juares should be beaten at of Providence, he must succumb, fulfilling least ence a week—on paper. The last his ewn to the last, corresponding to the dispatch of this kind announced that the hope of the nation over which he presides, consulted his barometer, and said we were French had captured San Nicholas, a place and satisfying the inspirations of his own

The want of time compels me to con-

BENITO JUAREZ. who some years since visited Paris under supporters of "The Empire," telis a capital story, as he heard it related by the celebrated General Excelmans, one of Napolien's "Paladine."

It was at a dinner-party, composed of Mexica, became exceedingly wroth, and some of the survivors of Waterloo, a few issued an order to the officers of the army of their younger relatives, and the scien neluding, of course, the forces under Riva owed his introduction to the circle we Palacies has replied with the view of Porario Diaz, in a circular, also addressed to of the company were electrified to hear his officers:

"Men are all cowards in the dark !" The General smiled at their impression of dissent; remarked that it was "very like youth;" and proceeded to relate the following anecdote, in support of his strange declaration: There was a young hot-head in the

Emperor's service, who, burning for action, and hie duties for the time affording no opportunity, at last resolved to fight The old soldier, waiving all con-

the elder of the two bolt upright in the his adversary's ball having corner,

by the French, or the so-called empire, whatsver may be their nationality, shall instantly be put to death.

To shoot prisoners it is first necessary to make them; and never, at least as far as we know, has Riva Palacios been exposed to this good fortuna. In regard to exploits, the French General has never up to this challenger prestrate upon the floor not well.

The young man was covered with con-fusion, and the seconds were overwhelm-The Emperor has not as yet, issued any ing him with the expression of their

"Not so fasti not so fast! my young friends," said he; "you will live wiser. Where do you suppose I was at any of his democratic prodecessors. As regards the coronation, nothing will be done, as I am informed, until the imperial programme is issued, and the Cabinet is formed.

There is a great propensity some imes, among very elever persons, to make RESPECTED SIR—You have privately addressed me a letter dated the 2d instant, on have resulted from this thoughtlessness have resulted from the modern and in my charwould, if enumerated, form a melanthe obligation is imposed on me of replying officer, at a frontier garrison, was continmy time, without cessation, not even sinight. French filibusterism is seeking to endanger and overthrow our nationality, and I, who by my principles and my oaths am the one called to sustain the national integrity, its sovereignty and its independence, have to labor actively, multiplying my efforts to respond to the sacred truste which the nation, in the axercise of its severeign faculties, has imposed on me. Nevertheless, I propose, however briefly, to reply to the most important points contained in your letter.

You tall me that "abandoning the suc."

Some of the "shrewd heads" prophesied that the young gentleman, when he least expected it, would get himself into a serious scrape, and it happened sooner than was anticipated. Old Major Straightback was a paymaster and "nothing else."

All military enthusiasm with him had been iong ago absorbed in the business of dollars and cents. He took the government money from post to post, paid it out, and took receipts, with a gravity that was chilling to behold. Yet, as he carried the purse, his arrival on "pay day" was hailed by officers, sutlers, and men. Late There is nothing stranges about that each of the war in fellowering of tude that the young man handed over the "treasure," with the remark that he only took it for a joke." The reaction of the

Major's min I from alarm to intense indignation was immense, but controlling his feelings, he quietly opened the pocket-book, and solemnly commenced counting its con-tents. Having gone through with this ed a lesson, avoided thereafter the foliy of committing practical jokes.

In France and Italy thousands of acres are planted with flowers to supply perfumery manufacturers alone. In So ern Franco a single grower sells annually sixty thousand pounds of rose flowers, thirty thousand each of jasmine and tuberose, forty thousand of violets, besides thousands of pounds of mint, thyme, rose-mary, &c. Hundreds of others are engaged

In this charming horticulture. official occupations will not admit of it. But of three American ladies made quite a sen-Queen, the beauty clent; of a man whose safety reposes in the Rhode Island.